App. F. IX-4

1938-39
(S&A.)

File No. 292-38
Serial Nos. 1-9,

Previous References
S&A. 177-31 (3-5)
S&A. dep. 142 (3)

PRESERVED

Letter References
C.P. 4-427
S.P. 14-41 (15, 14-17, 17(2), 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25 & 26)
S.P. 4-46 (1-2-3)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. pres

Part B for Mar. 939

SUBJECT.

Claim of Smt Pankajamma wife of M. Krishnappa nair, Anjanabad Palleygar for payment of a portion of the pension for her maintenance.

9) To, Comptr of S.H.T. Mines - Nr. Dr. 6340-19.21-3-39
Direct Rs 20/- arrs & Rs pension drawn
by Mr. Krishnappa nair are paid direct to
Sri Pankajamma by the S.H.T. Mines.

WD 0418—GPB—22,500—29-8-36

S & A. 292-38-1

Petition dated 19.8.38

from Mrs. Pankajammani

residing at Rayapettah, Madras

The petitioner says

that she is wife of Manjanabad

Pallegar Krishnappa naik

and that as he failed to

maintain her properly she

has been compelled to

live with her parents at

Madras many years

past.

Mr. Krishnappa

Naik is said to be in

receipt of a Pallegar pension

of Rs 127-8-0 p.m. Mrs

Pankajammani requests that

may be ordered to be

paid to her direct from the

Treasury.

The petition may

Dewan's remarks on the petition

I don't know what we can do for this lady, I have told her

Id M. D.
19.8.38.

Comptroller's Office,

SHT File No. 2929

FINANCIAL REVISION I
1660
18 NOV 1938
CENL & REV. SECTT.

3

No. 321/spl dated 15-11-38

Serial No.

U.O.No. 2953/SHT. dated 14th/15 November 1938.

Returned with compliments.

The matter was under enquiry by the State Huzur Treasury Officer and the report sent by him has been referred to the Government Advocate for opinion on some points before being submitted to Government. His report will be forwarded shortly i.e., as soon as it is received back from the Government Advocate.

161 A
GOVT. OF MYSORE
16.11.38.

M. Viswaraya Rao
Comptroller.
16/11

KR)

Subtd for perusal. The receipt of the Comptrollers report will be awaited

Vide linked file.

18.11.38.

Serial No.

(presented by the Bearer)

petition dated 20-9-38 from M. Krishnappa Naik stating that he has divorced Mrs Pankajamma, that she is not entitled to any maintenance from him etc.

The petition of Mrs Pankajamma, wife of Mr M. Krishnappa Naik has been referred to the S.H. Treasury Officer for report. This will be sent there in continuation, as a report from that Officer is necessary

A

Submitted for orders with reference to the query of the Financial Secretary on the P.U.D.

3 For Perusal & orders

3/10/38

Fl: Secy

4 A. yes.

3.10.38

5 Forwarded with compliments to the Comptroller to Govt. for favour of a report.

By Order,
S.K. Jamkhandi.
for Financial Secretary to Govt.

S.H. Treasy.

5/7

No. 247/8pc
6-10-38.

STATE HUZUR TREASURY 1697 6 OCT 1938 B E

6/10

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-38

1052 / 1662

File No. of 193 . General and Revenue Secretariat

No 323/Spl dated 15-11-38

U.O.No. 2952 /S.H.T. dated 14th November 1938.

6 Returned with compliments.

7 The points referred to in para 6 and 7 of the petition do not pertain to this Department. The petitioner may approach proper authorities in the matter. Those referred to in paras 1 to 5 and 8 have been enquired into and the report received from the State Huzur Treasury Officer has been referred to unofficially to the Government Advocate for opinion along with the petition of Mrs. Pankajamma. It will be submitted to Government with the opinion of the Government Advocate after it is received back from him.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY 16 NOV 1938 GOVT. OF MYSORE

16.11.38

M. Viswaraja Rao
Comptroller.

KR) 8 Submd for perusal

9 The linked file deals with the petn of Sri Pankajamma. In that also the Comptr has stated that the State H. Treasury Officer's report will be sent to Govt. after its return from the Govt. Advocate.

10 The further repts from the Comptr will be awaited for perusal = Vide remarks in the petn.

(K. Seshu)

18.11.38

21.11.38

Subd 25/11/38

1846 / 71 — 3546 with 47

Payment of ½ Pension to Mrs Pankajamma & Mr Krishnappa Naik Pallegar of Manyarkland

FINANCIAL BRANCH 23 NOV. 1938 Serial No. GEN'L & REV. SECTT.

FINANCIAL BR 1846

Petition of 22.11.38

Govt Mtk. (not typed). Zamindar of Bagalur

Requesting that Govt may be pleased to order the payment of ½ the Pallegar pension due to his mother-in-law Mrs Krishnappa Naik to his sister Mrs Krishnappa Naik Pankajamma for reasons explained

2) The subject relates to Fisheries and may be passed to Bd for necessary action

Done 23/11

3) Bd 23.11

Entd Bd/

4) Subd

The petitions of Mr Krishnappa Naik & his wife Pankajamma received in this Branch for viz the claim for one half of the Pallegar Pension drawn by the former by the latter are not yet disposed of as a report from the Comptroller is awaited in the matter is awaited

This may be placed in the file of Pankajamma

A dft endorsement to the petitioner could not be put up as his name is illegible

1/12/38

B.3

Linked file placed below

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-83

5) that ½ the pension of Zamindar of Bagalur praying ~~Petition of~~ for M Krishnappa Naik Manjarabad to his wife Pankajamma, (his sister)

G of A. File No. 292 (Pub/Sec 1919/38) of 193   General and Revenue Secretariat

5) for perusal. The Comptroller's further report will be awaited.

H. Secy.)

6) AD/3/12/38 3.12.38.

Petition of nil from (name illegible) Zamindar of Bagalur praying that half of the political pension (Rs 127/2) of Mr M Krishnappa Naik, Palegar of Manjarabad may be granted to his sister, who is the wife of the said Krishnappa Naik as there are no other claimants to the pension in question

Sec's Off 5/12/38

7) Jt Secy's note on the petition "Presented in person. Put in the file. & get report from the Comptroller re 'A' also" (Sd) A N R. 6/12/38

8) Submitted a draft letter to the Comptroller, for approval 7/12/38.

9) Please revise the draft.

10) I suppose the petn addressed to the First Member (recd. from the Prom. Br.) may also be sent to the Comptr.

11) D/F forwarding the two petitions to Comptr is put up 7.12.38

7/12/38

1/2 Pension to Mrs Pankajamma wife of Mr M Krish
Hpa Maire Pallegar of Manjarabad

General and Revenue Secretariat — File No. 292 1919 1962 of 1938. [App. F. III-2

Serial No.

Letter No Spl 437 Dated 7-12-1938 from the Comptroller re: the opinion of the Govt Advocate, his own opinion and the report of the State Treasury Officer on the claim of Mrs Pankajamma for a portion of the pension of her husband Mr M Krishnappa Maire Pallegar of Manjarabad

Subd

12 Kind ref[d] is invited to paras 7 to 11 supra. The Comptroller's letter now received does not contain any information on the point raised at "A" in para 2 of the petition of the brother of Mrs Pankajamma received on 6-12-1938 re: the present concubine of Mr Krishnap Maire. It is for orders whether the draft letter (para 11 supra) may issue and the report from the Comptroller on the point be received before this present letter is noted upon

9/12/38

13 Before the issue of the draft calling for a further report the Comptrollers report has been received.

14 In regard to the adoption referred to in the petitions the report of the S. H. T. Off[r] mentions that the

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-83

D. ½ Pension to Mr Pankajamma wife of Mr M Krishnath Nair Pallegar of Manjeswaram 1919 & 1962

File No. 292 of 1938 | General and Revenue Secretariat

question has to be decided by the Govt on the recommn of the Hut Treasy Officer. This question is not before Govt now.

15. As regards the rate of maintenance Pankajamma was receiving an amount of Rs. 20/- for about 14 years. While the Comptr recommends an amount of Rs 50/- out of the pension given to mr. Krishnappa nair, the Govt Advocate has suggested an amount of Rs. 20/- the same that she was getting for 14 years. As regards the argument about the stoppage of maintenance on account of her immoral life, the Govt. Advocate says that the reason assigned is not so much that she began to be immoral from recent times as that she has been immoral all along even prior to 1924. He adds that if this were correct there was no reason to stop the maintenance only from 1938.

16. About the community panchayet divorcing her on 4.8.1938 —— and it is stated that some of the Panchayetdars have since retracted, under whatever influence it may be —— it is not known whether such decision is binding on the parties, and whether it is customary and usual for the community as a whole to abide by it. [illegible]

17. The amount of maintenance to be given to Pankajamma this may take effect from the date it has been stopped —— is for orders.

1962/R

General and Revenue Secretariat — File No. 292-31 of 1938 — [App. F. III—2

Serial No. 18

[Whether information in respect of the concubine of Mr. Krishnappa naik refd. to at A on the petn. received on 6.12.38 or in respect of an adoption by Mr. Krishnappa naik refd. to at B in the petn. addressed to the First Member and recd. on 20.11.38, has to be called for before deciding the case is for kind consideration. If considered necessary — perhaps it is not — the draft calling for the same with issue.]

A

2231/R.
Telegram of 29.12.38 from Mr Krishnappa Naik requesting that he may be permitted to represent his case on 8.1.39 is placed in the file.
Rect 3/1

R. Secy.)

15.12.38.

1st A. Yr.

31.12.38

31/1/39

20

1)

21

2)

Mem 31/1

22 June draft
& put up

31/1

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

(814) MR FCL4136/S&A 292-38-4 Dated 31-1-1939

To the Comptroller. Forwards two petitions for [illegible] Bhimappa Pankajamma's brother and her claim to [illegible] Husband's property & calls for the information

9/ Pension to Pankajamma wife of Mr M Krishnappa Naik Palkpar of Manjarabad

1962/H

S.H.A. File No. 292 of 1938

General and Revenue Secretariat

Re: the latter part of para 2 of the petition marked 'A' asking for getting it from the Insurance Office

Sub A
9/11/39

Serial No.

From the Comptroller to Govt
No Spl. 705, d. 11.3.39.

Forwards a further report regarding the claims of Mrs. Pankajamma, wife of Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik of the Manjarabad Pallegar family, for grant of a share of the Pallegar pension enjoyed by her husband.

H.A.C.

The main point for consideration is only the prayer of Mrs. Pankajamma for a share of the family pension now enjoyed by her husband — Rs 127-1-10 — as he has neglected her.
There are certain other points raised in this connection, viz the legality of the marriage of one Adi Lakshamma, who is alleged to be the second wife of Krishnappa Naik, the legitimacy of the children born to her etc. These are only incidental to the main issue and no specific decision is called for in regard to them as no direct representation has been made to Govt. by the parties concerned in the matter.

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-33

As regards the claims of Sri Pankajamma, the enquiry held shows that she was married to Mr Krishnappa Naik ~~for~~ in 1901, lived with him for about 8 or 9 years and living with her parents or brother since 1910. The reason given by her for living separately from her husband is that he was ill-treating her and further that he was living with a Concubine. It is uncontested that Mr. K. Naik was giving her a sum of Rs 20 p.m. since 1924 and he discontinued the same from 1st August 1938. She has accordingly come up to Govt. for relief and prays that a portion of the pension (one-half as she says) may be ordered to be paid to her ~~to~~ direct from the Treasury. P.P. A

Ever since her petitions to Govt. for the above ~~to~~ relief, Mr Krishnaswami Naik has been sending Counter-petitions alleging that the said Pankajamma is not entitled to any maintenance as she ~~as~~ has been leading an immoral life and ~~my~~ he has divorced her at a communal Panchayet held on 4th August 1938. Apart from the P.P. B

Serial No.

question of validity or otherwise of such a "divorce" alleged to have been granted by a Panchayet (in the case of a Hindu family), it is strange that this action should have been taken by the husband so late in the day and, as the Comptroller observes, it would be unreasonable to deny her the maintenance that the husband had himself been giving for 14 years (till 1-8-38) on a plea of immorality set up at a time when the lady is over 55 yrs of age.

P.W.D. I

Report of S.H.O. & P.W.D. II — H.E.

The records of enquiry, clearly show that the antecedents of Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik are anything but good. There is a concensus of opinion that another lady (Adilakshamma) whom he calls his Second wife, is a Poralmin widow whose husband was a Sub Registrar & died in 1912. The near relatives of this woman (one a headmaster & another the proprietor of a local Press here) have come forward and given statements in writing that the lady referred to is the widow of the late Srinivasa Murti and a Poralmin by birth. They comes have no interest in maligning one of their female relatives.

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-83

They even offered to identify the lady but Krishnappa Naik evaded ~~to~~ producing her and on the other hand began to contend that the legality of her alleged marriage to him ~~is not in~~ is not a point at issue & need not be pursued. The file of the Mysore Insurance Dept put up below (linked hereto) show that Adilakshamma drew the Insurance bonus payable on behalf of the late Srinivasa Murthi. There is also evidence to show that Mr. K. Naik ~~is~~ has led a somewhat chequered career ~~dissipated life~~, and that much reliance cannot be placed on his statements. He seems to be more interested in getting recognition for his unlawful wife and her illegitimate children. [His allegations against Mr V.V. Naik and others need not be gone into here]

[There is, I believe, a file in the Prohn. Br. also containing some police reports re: the antecedents of Mr. K. Naik. But that does not seem to be necessary for the purposes of this reference]

So far as Pankajamma is concerned, both the S. A. Office & the Comptroller hold that she is entitled to a portion of the pension. The Govt. Advocate also agrees in this view. There appear to be instances in Pallegar families of separate allotments being registered in the name of a wife, where the husband has ~~not~~ neglected her

P. W. D. I & end.

Serial No.

It seems but fair that she should not be deserted in her old age and that some allowance must be given her for the rest of her life.

The next point for consideration is the amount of pension that may be given to her out of the amount of Rs 127-1-10 now enjoyed by her husband. These pallyar pensions are granted not for the benefit of the individual, but of the family. The allocation of these is not a matter for Civil Courts but for the discretion of Govt. In the present instance the only legal family dependant of Mr. K. Naik appear to be the wife Pankajamma — whom he is not now supporting — and she claims one-half of the whole amount. The Govt. Advocate is of opinion that the irreducible minimum to be paid to her is Rs 20, which the husband himself had been paying, and adds that Govt. may give her a decent sum sufficient to enable her to get the services of others to make her comfortable in her old age.

7/1/S

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-83

Pension to Pancajamma wife of Mr. M. Krishnappa Nair Pollegar of Manjarabad.

File No. of 193 | General and Revenue Secretariat

P.W.D I

The Comptroller, While not in favour of the ladys request for grant of half of the whole amount, says that it would be reasonable to give her a sum of Rs 50/- per mensem (this would leave Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik Rs 77-1-10) ~~for his own maintenance & that of his wife & son~~

The recommendation of the Comptroller ~~may in the circumstances~~ be perhaps be approved. It is also for consideration whether the pension that may be ~~approved~~ granted may be given to the lady from the date of stoppage.

18/2/39

~~Text Ltr~~

The recommendation of the Comptroller to give the lady Rs 50 p.m. is for orders. Another point for consideration whether this may be made payable from the date of stoppage of the allowance of Rs 20 that he was himself paying. (1-8-38)

18/3

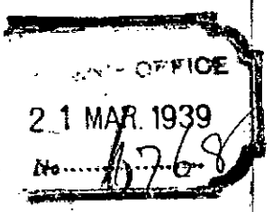
From Ltr)

From the S.H. Dy Spr's report of enquiry, it is quite clear that Mr Krishnappa Naik is not quite correct in his behaviour and that it would be an act of equity if Govt should atleast restore the Status quo obtaining before 1924 as opined by the Govt Advocate (Flag S)

Petitions of Mrs Pankajamma of the Manjarabad Pollegar family H 3249

General and Revenue Secretariat | File No. | of 193 | [App. F. III—2

Serial No.



On separate register is not desirable
A.V.
21.3.39

In the circs, mrs Pankajamma may be allowed the Rs 20/-/- granted to her all along by Mr Krishappa Naik from 1924 & the balance alone paid to the present Pollegar, the distribution being made by the Treasury Officer instead of leaving the old lady (about whose past character we need not, as the present Advocate says, now propose to undertake a review in view of the fact that Mr Krishappa Naik has only recently raised the issue after a quarter of a century (in 1936) to the caprices of her legally-wedded husband. The alleged Brahmin-widowhood issue as disclosed by the report of the S. A. Treasury Officer need not be recognised consistently with usage & practice obtaining all along.

A.V.
21.3.39

Dewan)

M.V.
23-3-39

A.V.
23.3.39

Draft G.O. is submd for orders.—

Ven M.V.
25/3/39

Please put up fair draft (No reference need be made in the draft to the "second wife" or her children)

C.P.A.
25/3

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-83

Pension to Mrs Pankajamma wife of Mr Krishnappa Naik, Polliyar zamindar

File No. 3249/37 of 193 .

General and Revenue Secretariat

Fair draft subd. [The allowance of Rs.20/- that was being paid to mrs Pankajamma was stopped from 1-8-1938. From which date the G.O. should be given effect to is for orders]

Asm 25/3/39.

(A)

Draft put up. (A) for orders.

25/3/39

TYPING SECTION 27 MAR 1939

Let it be from the date of order.

27.3.39

27/3

Petition dt 24-3-1939 from mr Krishnappa Naik contending in the circumstances that mrs Pankajamma is not entitled to any help from his pension & making certain allegations against mrs V.V. Naik, A.S.P.

He has quoted an instance of Gowramma chamma of the Rayadurg ~~Gutti~~ Poligar family whose claim for a share (as maintenance) in the pension drawn by her husband mr. R.P. Kshatri Naik ~~of the Rayadurg Poligar family~~ was rejected on the ground that the question does not arise during the life time of her husband Vide G.O. No Jl 5588/S&A 256-37-2 dt 29-3-38. The instance quoted by the petitioner is not on all fours with the case of mrs Pankajamma. Subd for orders as to whether the G.O. approved already may issue.

Asm 30/3/39.

There seems to be no reason to hold up the order already ~~passed~~ approved by the Dewan

Pension to Mrs Pankajamma wife of Mr. Krishnappa Naik

General and Revenue Secretariat — File No. 292 3124/37 of 1938. [App. F. III—2

Serial No.

These pensions are given for the benefit of the family and are not to the entire personal benefit of the Karavandar and Govt. are at liberty to make such an apportionment as proposed in the G.O. (The Comptroller has quoted in support of such a procedure)

The G.O. may, if approved issue immediately a copy being sent to the S.N.O. also

GR 31/3/39)

Fur Sec)

Yes.

AD 31.3.39

To, The comptroller & the State Huzur Treasury Officer. No Fl 6340-41 Dt 31-3-39 Directs that a sum of Rs 207- out of the pension of Rs 127-1-10 drawn by Mrs M.K. Naik, be paid to Sri Pankajamma the wife of the pensioner during her life time.

(Resubmitted as directed)

The papers (2 petitions from Mr. Krishnappa Naik in the file) may perhaps be perused by the Chief Sec also (I believe similar allegations are already under enquiry in Prom. Br)

CJR 3/4

Fur Sec)

Chief Sec (WC)

AD 5.4.39

STA 252-37
127-38
Submitted for GO
3

NOTE—Contin. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-38

Secn to return. The I.G.P's reply in this connection is being separately dealt with.

MMS 7.4.39

The papers with if approved be sent

MR 8/4

9/4

B 10/4

S+H 292-38-6

Petition of Venkatadri Naik, Pallegar Manjarabad re: the legitimacy of the wife + children of Mr M Krishnappa Naik 2738 ~~2782~~

General and Revenue Secretariat

S+H File No. 292 / 784 of 1938. [App. F. III—2

Serial No.	
5	Petition dated 6-2-1939 from Mr. Venkatadri Naik Pallegar of Manjarabad stating that the genealogical tree produced before the S. H. Treasury Officer by one Mr. M Krishnappa Naik Pallegar of Manjarabad who is getting a pallegar pension of Rs 127-10-0 p m re: his (illegitimate) wife + children is false, that it is not only detrimental to the interests of the legitimate heirs of the Manjarabad Pallegar family but also brings on infamy to that family and praying that Mr Krishnappa Naik should be warned to withdraw the false genealogical tree etc.

Financial Secretary's orders on (D no 2738)

"Send to S. H. Treasury Officer for enquiry investigation and report along with the other representation already forwarded."

(Sd) A N R

A Memo is put up on the petition (D no 2782) accordingly

10/2/39.

Issued M. S. 22/2/39

11/2/39

6

Memo

Re M 5221 Dated 11-2-1939

The comptroller to Govt ~~for enquiry~~ forwards the petn for enquiry, investigation and report by the S. H. Treasury Officer.

NOTE—Contn. S. Acct.

Sent 11/2/39

WD 0544—GLB—30,000—2-9-83

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

GEN. & REV. SECTT. 3970 20 APR. 1939 FINANCIAL BRANCH.

Comptroller's Office, Bangalore,

No. 6464 SHT *Dated the* 26th April *1939.*

A.N.Raghavachar Esq., M.A.,
Financial Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Bangalore.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY 27 APR. 19 GOVT. OF MYSORE

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No.5488/S.H.Try dated 15-3-39 in the matter of the petition dated 6-2-39 by one Mr. Venkatadrinayaka regarding the geneological tree sent to the State Huzur Treasury Officer by Mr.Krishnappa Naik of Manjarabad Pollegar family, I have the honor to forward herewith the report of the State Huzur Treasury Officer in the matter wherein he has intimated that no enquiry could be held, as it is not known who the petitioner is as his address is not mentioned in the petition. It was however ascertained that among the Manjarabad Pollegars there are now two pollegar pensioners who bear the name of "Venkatadrinayak" who appeared before him as per his notice and have given statements that neither of them sent the petition and that the signature affixed to the

petition is not theirs.

The petition received from Government is enclosed.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

C. V. Narayana Rao
for Comptroller absent on C. L.

CV

Serial No.

The petition in question was received in connection with the grant of a portion of pension of Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik of the Mangalabad family to Mrs. Pankajamma, his wife and the case was decided in Mrs. Pankajamma's favour granting her a pension of Rs 20/- p.m. As the case in question has been closed no action need perhaps be taken on this reference. Submitted for orders.

28/4/39

The Chief Secy has in another connection made certain remarks regarding the continuance of the pension to Mr. Krishnappa Naik. Perhaps these papers may also be placed in that file

29/4

Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik presented with his applcn. d. 22.12.38 to the S.H. Officer a "genealogical" table, describing his Concubine Adi Lakshamma as his Second wife and her issue as his legitimate children & requesting that these may be registered as his heirs. In a later applicator

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 0544—GPB—30,000—2-9-38

File No. 3920/F7 of 193 | General and Revenue Secretariat

he ~~not~~ declined to be drawn into any elucidations etc ~~regarding~~ regarding the Second wife & her marriage etc, & wanted the enquiry to be purely confined to his wife's (Pankajamma's) maintenance claim.

In the course of the above enquiry, a petition was received by Govt. stating that the geneological table filed by Mr. Krishnappa Naik (claiming legitimacy for his illegitimate children) should not be relied upon. This petition was sent to the Comptroller for a report & it is stated that the writer of the petn is not identifiable. It may be pseudonymous.

No further action is necessary May be filed.

Cyl 29/4

Yes. 29.4.39

B with PD

10 A, Krishna Villa
Lloyd Road
Royapettah

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN
OF MYSORE.
PETITION.
Date of receipt 19.8.38
Regn. No. 22

To
His Highness Sri Krishnaraja Wodeyar Bahadur
Maharaja of Mysore
Bangalore

Your Highness,

I am the daughter of late Sri Thirumalai Iyengar, Retired Sheristadar, Mysore Court. I was married to Sri Srinivasa Iyengar, Retired Sheristadar, Mysore Court, in the year 1901. My husband died in the year 1936 leaving me and my children in a very helpless condition. My husband's relatives are not willing to help us in any way. My husband's property is not sufficient to maintain us. My husband's relatives are trying to deprive us of the property left by my husband. My husband's relatives are not willing to help us in any way. My husband's property is not sufficient to maintain us. My husband's relatives are trying to deprive us of the property left by my husband. My husband's relatives are not willing to help us in any way. My husband's property is not sufficient to maintain us. My husband's relatives are trying to deprive us of the property left by my husband.

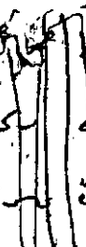
Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us. Your Highness is the only hope for us.

I am, Your Highness,
Your Highness' most obedient servant,

ఉపకారం అంటే ధర్మాత్మకే అంటారు. శిక్ష బడిన వాడికి సహాయం అంటే ఎవరూ ముందుకు రారు. అందుకే ఉపకారం అనే అంటారు. ఇక్కడ ఆ ముగ్గురూ ధర్మాత్ములే. వారు తమ సహాయం ఎవరికి చేస్తున్నారో తెలియకుండానే చేస్తున్నారు. వారు చేసిన సహాయం వల్ల ఎవరికి ఎంత ప్రయోజనం కలుగుతుందో కూడా వారికి తెలియదు. వారు ఆశించేది ఒక్కటే. తమ సహాయం వల్ల ఎవరికీ ఎటువంటి ఇబ్బంది కలగకూడదు. ఎవరూ తమను గుర్తించకూడదు. ఇటువంటి ఉత్తమ గుణాలు ఉన్నవారు ఈ లోకంలో ఎంతమంది ఉన్నారు? ఎవరో ఒకరిద్దరు ఉంటారు. అటువంటి ఒకరిద్దరిలో ఈ ముగ్గురూ ఉన్నారు. ఈ ముగ్గురూ ఒకే ఊరివారు కాదు. ఒకే ప్రాంతం వారు కాదు. ఒకే కులం వారు కాదు. ఒకే మతం వారు కాదు. ఒకే వృత్తి వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఆదాయం వారు కాదు. ఒకే వయసు వారు కాదు. ఒకే లింగం వారు కాదు. ఒకే భాష వారు కాదు. ఒకే ప్రాంతం వారు కాదు. ఒకే రాష్ట్రం వారు కాదు. ఒకే దేశం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఖండం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఖగోళం వారు కాదు. ఒకే విశ్వం వారు కాదు. ఒకే అనంతం వారు కాదు. ఒకే శూన్యం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ లేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ కానితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ అవ్వలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ చేయలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ తెలియనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ అర్థం కానితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ అనుభవించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ఆస్వాదించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ఆనందించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ సంతోషించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ప్రేమించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ద్వేషించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ కోపించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ బాధపడలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ దుఃఖించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ఏడవలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ నవ్వలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ఆలోచించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ఊహించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ కలలు కనలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ఆశించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ కోరుకోలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ అడగలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ప్రార్థించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ పూజించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ ఆరాధించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ గౌరవించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ మన్నించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ క్షమించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ మరచిపోలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ వదిలిపెట్టలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ విడిచిపెట్టలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ త్యజించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ పరిత్యజించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ వదులుకోలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ విడనాడలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ తిరస్కరించలేనితనం వారు కాదు. ఒకే ఏమీ నిరాక

ననగ్గే పుట్టిన పిల్లలు ఆడుకుంటుంది నాను చుట్టూ నిలబడ్డ నవ్వే కేరింతలు వినపడ్డ నేను అట్లాగే ఉండిపోయేనే.

1956 నేనైతే బ్రూక్ లింగళల్లి ఈ కనసు చురుకాగి సాగబందు. నన్ని కేళ్ళ నన్నొళు బుతాంయ్ అనుతిరు. నవళ్ళ రొంతి ఎరడు మంచ మేలి కూతిరువ కాలదల్లి, ఉచ్చరనూళ్ళ నన్ని కేళ్ళ నవరన్నూ రోగి బేగుండు. ఒకేయుళ్ళ బిసిన్నాగి బుట్టిరువ రేగు కాళ్ళ తేగెనే చుట్టుబెన ఊసి చూడు ప్రతిపల్లు చోంధ పోళ చేప్పకేరూ రిగి రక్తబరిదు పోగుతిద్దుదరు. ఈతరెలతె నరూళిందు చురుకు ఎరడు కాలల్లిరువ బాధెయిందు బులుచేపు చూడుతిదరు. నాను ఇవర ప్రతిపల్లు చోంధ పోళవన్ను తేగెదు బందు చురుకు ఎరడు తిరుళ్ళలి. ఎదరి పనూచల. మూరు తింగళు బిట్టు బందు చుట్టుబెన ఊసి చూడు కాళన్నూ చూక్రె ఎబ్బిసుత్తిరువ పుణ్ణుగళు కొంచ కొంచ



పెళ్ళిచూపులకి వెళ్ళినప్పుడు వాళ్ళ అమ్మాయిని చూడటానికి వెళ్ళాలి. అమ్మాయి ఇంట్లోనే ఉంటుంది కాబట్టి ఆ అమ్మాయిని చూడటానికి వెళ్ళాలి. ఇవన్నీ మనకి తెలిసిన విషయాలే. ఇవన్నీ ఎందుకు చెప్పానంటే, ఈ రోజుల్లో అమ్మాయిలు ఉద్యోగాలు చేస్తున్నారు. ఉద్యోగం చేసే అమ్మాయిని ఇంట్లో చూడటానికి వెళ్ళాలంటే ఎలా? ఆ అమ్మాయి ఉద్యోగం మానేసి ఇంట్లో ఉండాలా? ఉద్యోగం మానేసి ఇంట్లో ఉండమని ఎలా చెప్పగలం?

ఈ పెళ్ళిచూపుల సమస్యకి పరిష్కారం ఇద్దరు మాట్లాడుకోవడమే. అమ్మాయి ఇంట్లో ఉన్నప్పుడు అబ్బాయి వెళ్ళి చూడటం కాదు. అబ్బాయి ఉద్యోగం చేస్తున్నప్పుడు అమ్మాయి వెళ్ళి చూడటం కాదు. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు చూసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు మాట్లాడుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు అర్థం చేసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు ఇష్టపడటం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు ప్రేమించుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు పెళ్ళి చేసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు కలిసి జీవించడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు ప్రేమించుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు పెళ్ళి చేసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు కలిసి జీవించడం.

ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు ప్రేమించుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు పెళ్ళి చేసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు కలిసి జీవించడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు ప్రేమించుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు పెళ్ళి చేసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు కలిసి జీవించడం.

ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు ప్రేమించుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు పెళ్ళి చేసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు కలిసి జీవించడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు ప్రేమించుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు పెళ్ళి చేసుకోవడం. ఇద్దరూ ఒకే ప్రదేశంలో ఉన్నప్పుడు ఒకరినొకరు కలిసి జీవించడం.

ఈ గ నా నం శ వ్యా గ్య గ్ర గ్ర్ ప్ర్ ష్ట్ ఖ్ ఖ్య ద ల్ని
ఉ ఛ్ గ్ర్ ఖ్ ం ం ర్ ఖ్ ఖ్ ఖ్ ల్ ద న్ని ం ఖ్ ఖ్ ఖ్

FINANCIAL BRANCH
22 SEP 1938
1052

From

M. Krishnappa Naik,
Palegar of Manjarabad,
448, 'Krishna Vilas', Main Road,
Visweswarapuram,
Bangalore city.

To

The Financial Secretary
to Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

S i r,

I understand that Mrs. Pankajamma, - daughter of Errappa Nayanivaru, 10A, Krishna Vilas Lloyd's Road, Royapettah, Madras, has made a petition to you against me in respect of my Palegar Pension, etc., With reference to her petition I beg to submit that the said Mrs. Pankajamma is no longer my wife and that I have divorced her according to the custom of my community at a communal panchayat held in Bangalore city on 4-8-1938.

2. The said Mrs. Pankajamma was married to me when I was about eighteen years of age. At the time of my marriage neither my father nor my mother was alive. The marriage was brought about by means of fraud and undue influence by certain persons who were interested in Mrs. Pankajamma and it is not therefore valid in law. In order to avoid any kind of trouble from her, I have, however, divorced Mrs. Pankajamma according to custom and dissolved the marriage connection (if any).

3. The said Mrs. Pankajamma has been leading an immoral life and living separately from me for the last over thirty years. She is not therefore

entitled to claim any of the rights of a Hindu wife against me. Nor is she entitled to claim any maintenance from me, nor to interfere in my affairs. She has no manner of claim over my properties or my family pension.

4. I have not paid any maintenance as such to the said Mrs. Pankajamma. Nor has she made any claim for maintenance as such against me. I and Mrs. Pankajamma have been living apart for the past over thirty years as perfect strangers. Her present petition has been made at the instigation of some persons who are inimically disposed towards me and with a view to cause injury to my reputation and to discredit me in the eyes of the Government.

5. For over thirty years, Mrs. Pankajamma has been living independently. Till her death father's death in 1924, she appears to have been generally under his protection. After his demise she appears to have been living withher brother, Mr. Mari Nanjappa Nayanavaru, off and on. In 1924, Mrs. Pankajamma sought the intervention of some of my friends including the late Mr.N. Krishnaswami Rao, Treasury Officer, for securing to her some allowance by way of charity from me. At the pressing request of my friends I directed my agent to pay Mrs. Pankajamma as a matter of pure charity a sum of Rupees Twenty only per mensem until further instructions. It was distinctly understood that the said payment would be made at my absolute discretion and that it should be regarded purely as a matter of charity and not as any allowance in recognition of any maintenance right and that

that the continuance of the payment would depend upon her good conduct and non-interference in my affairs. But the said payment was stopped by me from August 1938, as I found out that Mrs. Pankajamma's conduct was unsatisfactory and that she sought to cause loss and trouble to me at the instigation of some persons who are inimically disposed towards me, in spite of due warning by me in this connection.

6. I am reliably informed that Mr.V.V. Naik, Superintendent of Police, Railway C.I.D., Bangalore city has set up Mrs. Pankajamma against me and has instigated her to make the said petition to you, making false and malicious allegations against me. I further understand that Mr. V.V. Naik has been abusing his Official position and threatening several members of my community who participated in the Panchayathi referred to in paragraph one above, with criminal prosecution, if they agreed to give testimony in my favour. Mr. I.M. Narasimha Naik, Retired Amildar, who presided over the said Communal Panchayathi, has informed me that the original papers recording the proceedings of the said Panchayathi have been taken away by the Superintendent of Police, Mysore at the instance of Mr. V.V. Naik. I also understand that Mr. V.V. Naik has taken from the State Huzur Treasury Office, copies of the proceedings of the said Panchayathi which I had sent on the false allegation that a complaint had been received and that the papers were required for purposes of investigation. He has further made a false complaint that I have got a revolver without license and started

started against me a Police inquiry in this matter, so as to cause harm to my reputation, though he knows fully well that I possess a revolver license, Mrs. Pankajamma is at present under the protection of Mr. V.V. Naik in Bangalore and has been making frivolous and vexatious petitions against me to the Government, at his instigation, after keeping quiet for over thirty years and after recognising and acquiescing in the fact that she and I have no manner of relationship as husband and wife.

7. I belong to the Palegar Family of Manjarabad. The Government of Mysore have been pleased to grant me a revolver license for use throughout the State. Further, the Government have been pleased to allow my daffedars to wear my own family badges. I am a respectable and loyal citizen of the State, and Mrs. Pankajamma has made the said petition to you out of malice and spite with the intention of causing harm to my fair name and reputation. Mrs. Pankajamma knows that she has no manner of legal claim against me, and instead of establishing her rights, if any, in a Civil Court, she has been making petitions to the Government with the dishonest object of securing, unlawful advantage against me.

8. I, therefore, respectfully request that you may be pleased to dismiss Mrs. Pankajamma's petition against me and to direct that the Police do not interfere in this matter which is a purely of a Civil nature.

I beg to remain, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

M. Krishnappa Naik.

Bangalore,
20/9/1938.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY
26 SEP. 1938
MYSORE

REVENUE SECRETARIAT
22 SEP. 1938
RANCH

From

M. Krishnappa Naik,
Palegar of Manjarabad,
448, 'Krishna Vilas', Main Road,
Viswesvarapuram,
Bangalore city.

To

The Chief Secretary
to the Government of Mysore,
Bangalore.

S i r,

I understand that Mrs. Pankajamma, - daughter of Arrappa Nayaniveru, 10A, Krishna Vilas Lloyd's Road, Royapettah, Madras, has made a petition to you against me in respect of my Palegar Pension, etc., with reference to her petition I beg to submit that the said Mrs. Pankajamma is no longer my wife and that I have divorced her according to the custom of my community at a communal panchayat held in Bangalore city on 4-8-1938.

2. The said Mrs. Pankajamma was married to me when I was about eighteen years of age. At the time of my marriage neither my father nor my mother was alive. The marriage was brought about by means of fraud and undue influence by certain persons who were interested in Mrs. Pankajamma and it is not therefore valid in law. In order to avoid any kind of trouble from her, I have, however, divorced Mrs. Pankajamma according to custom and dissolved the marriage connection (if any).

3. The said Mrs. Pankajamma has been leading an immoral life and living separately from me for the last over thirty years. She is not therefore

entitled to claim any of the rights of a Hindu wife against me. Nor is she entitled to claim any maintenance from me, nor to interfere in my affairs. She has no manner of claim over my properties or my family pension.

4. I have not paid any maintenance as such to the said Mrs. Pankajamma. Nor has she made any claim for maintenance as such against me. I and Mrs. Pankajamma have been living apart for the past over thirty years as perfect strangers. Her present petition has been made at the instigation of some persons who are inimically disposed towards me and with a view to cause injury to my reputation and to discredit me in the eyes of the Government.

5. For over thirty years, Mrs. Pankajamma has been living independently. Till her death father's death in 1924, she appears to have been generally under his protection. After his demise she appears to have been living withher brother, Mr. Mari Nanjappa Nayanavaru, off and on. In 1924, Mrs. Pankajamma sought the intervention of some of my friends including the late Mr.N. Krishnaswami Rao, Treasury Officer, for securing to her some allowance by way of charity from me. At the pressing request of my friends I directed my agent to pay Mrs. Pankajamma as a matter of pure charity a sum of Rupees Twenty only per mensem until further instructions. It was distinctly understood that the said payment would be made at my absolute discretion and that it should be regarded purely as a matter of charity and not as any allowance in recognition of any maintenance right and that

that the continuance of the payment would depend upon her good conduct and non-interference in my affairs. But the said payment was stopped by me from August 1953, as I found out that Mrs. Venkatamma's conduct was unsatisfactory and that she sought to cause loss and trouble to me at the instigation of some persons who are inimically disposed towards me, in spite of due warning by me in this connection.

6. I am reliably informed that Mr. V.V. Naik, Superintendent of Police, Railway S.I.B., Bangalore City has set up Mrs. Venkatamma against me and has instigated her to make the said petition to you, making false and malicious allegations against me. I further understand that Mr. V.V. Naik has been abusing his official position and threatening several members of my community who participated in the Panchayathi referred to in paragraph one above, with criminal prosecution, if they agreed to give testimony in my favour. Mr. L.M. Ramalinga Naik, retired Amildar, who presided over the said Communal Panchayathi, has informed me that the original papers recording the proceedings of the said Panchayathi have been taken away by the Superintendent of Police, Bangalore at the instance of Mr. V.V. Naik. I also understand that Mr. V.V. Naik has taken from the State Treasury Office, copies of the proceedings of the said Panchayathi which I had sent on the false allegation that a complaint had been received and that the papers were required for purposes of investigation. He has further

further made a false complaint that I have got a revolver without license and started against me a Police inquiry in this matter, so as to cause harm to my reputation, though he knows fully well that I possess a revolver license. Mrs. Pankajamma is at present under the protection of Mr. V.V. Naik in Bangalore and has been making frivolous and vexatious petitions against me to the Government, at his instigation, after keeping quiet for over thirty years and after recognising and acquiescing in the fact that she and I have no manner of relationship as husband and wife.

7. I belong to the Malegar family of Nanjarabad. The Government of Mysore have been pleased to grant me a revolver license for use throughout the State. Further, the Government have been pleased to allow my daffedars to wear my own family badges. I am a respectable and loyal citizen of the State, and Mrs. Pankajamma has made the said petition to you out of malice and spite with the intention of causing harm to my fair name and reputation. Mrs. Pankajamma knows that she has no manner of legal claim against me, and instead of establishing her rights, if any, in a Civil Court, she has been making petitions to the Government with the dishonest object of securing unlawful advantage against me.

8. I, therefore, respectfully request that you may be pleased to dismiss Mrs. Pankajamma's petition against me and to direct that the Police do not interfere in this matter which is a purely of a Civil nature.

I beg to remain, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
M. Krishnappa Naik.

Bangalore,
20/9/1935.

FINANCIAL BRANCH 2738 8 FEB. 1938 GEN.
2784
FINANCIAL SECRETARY 8 FEB. 1938 GOVT. OF MYSORE

To

The Financial Secretary

to the Government of Mysore,

Bangalore.

Sir,

I respectfully beg to bring to your kind notice that a member of the Manjarabad pallegar family called M.Krishnapp Naik who gets a political pension of Rs 127-10-0 per mensem, has very recently submitted a genealogical tree in connection with a harlot named Adilakshamma and her children calling her to be a wedded wife, to the State Huzur Treasury Officer, to serve to the illegitimates as a claim for the political pension after his demise.

2. Such an infamous, illegal and false act at his is not only detrimental to the interest of the legitimate heirs of the Manjarabad pallegar family but also bring on infamy to the family of Manjarabad.

3. He has no issue by the wedded wife, Pankajamma whose question of maintenance is at issue pending disposal by the Government.

4. The benevolent Government have been granting pensions to the pallegar families to maintain their dignity and to protect the legitimate members of the families.

5. Whereas the benevolence extended by the Government is abused either by the husband or by the wife by being adulterous and thus pave the way for the adultrines to set up spurious claims and consequently cause hill-work to the benign Government in finding out the real claiment to assign

the pension to the legitimate heir.

6. I beg respectfully pray, therefore, that an order may kindly be passed with a warning to the said Krishnappa Naik that such illegal misrepresentations to the honourable Government would be viewed with severity and that he should withdraw his genealogical tree given to the State Huzur Treasury Officer.

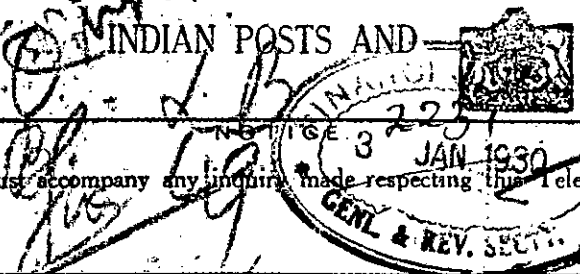
7. I further beg to pray that in the interest of the well-being of the ancient families a general order may kindly be passed, namely, that the pallegars should realise that they have to set up such an example to thier children that the latter should not contract bad habits which will ultimately ruin the name of the family and that in the event of this warning proving useless the Government will be constrained to adopt drastic measures.

8. For this act of generosity I shall feel ever grateful.

Bangalore.
6 - 2 - 1939.

I beg to remain,
Sir,
Your most obedient and humble servant
ಪಿಂಡಲುವಿ ಶ್ರೀನಾಯಕ.

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT.



This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay.	
Rs.	As.

Office Stamp.

Handed in at (Office of Origin).	Date.	Hour.	Minute.	Service Instructions.	Words.
Mysore	29	11	10		47

Rcvd. here at H. 23 M.

TO The Financial Secretary to Government of Mysore Chamarajpet Bg Lady Beg to Submit 2 Cable to Pay Respects and represent my case here Regret I Could not do So Pray

N. B.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.

Lal Chand & Sons, Printers, Calcutta—No. 181R (8-94)—28-5-37—50,000 Bks.

U.

INDIAN POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS DEPARTMENT

NOTICE.

This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay.	
Rs.	As.

Office Stamp.

Handed in at (Office of Origin).	Date.	Hour.	Minute.	Service Instructions.	Words.

Recd. here at // H. 55 M.

TO

Permission to represent
my case on third january
as I am ill
= Krishnappa Naik manjakudu
Polygar

N. B.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.

Lal Chand & Sons, Printers, Calcutta—No. 181R (B-94)—28-5-37—50,000 Blks.

S+Dr 292-58-3

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER TO THE GOVERNMENT
OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

No. Spl 437 Bangalore, dated 7th December 193 8

Encl 2.

FINANCIAL BRANCH 9 DEC. 1962

FINANCIAL SECRETARY 7 DEC. 1938 GOVT. OF MYSORE

From

M. VIRARAJA URS, Esqr., B.A., B.L.,
Offg. Comptroller to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

8-12-38.

To

A.N.Raghavachar, Esq., M.A.,
Financial Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
B a n g a l o r e.

Sir,

In continuation of my U.O.Reply No.323/Spl dated 15th November 1938 stating that a further report will be sent to Government regarding the claim of Mrs.Pankajamma for a portion of the pension of her husband Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik, Pollegar of Manjarabad, I have the honor to forward herewith the report dated 10th October 1938 submitted by the State Huzur Treasury Officer in this connection. It is stated that both parties were asked to appear before the State Huzur Treasury Officer on 22nd September 1938 to give their statements and that Srimathi Pankajamma only appeared on the day fixed and gave her statement while Mr.Krishnappa Naik sent a letter saying that he was sick. From the statement given by the former, it is seen that she was living with her husband for about 8 to 9 years after she was married in 1901 and since 1910 she is living with her parents due to the husband's ill-treatment and his living with a concubine. Against this, Mr.Krishnappa Naik is reported to have stated that a pension of Rs20/- was being paid to her since 1924 and the same had to be discontinued from 1st August 1938 due to her leading an immoral life, that she was divorced by him at a community panchayat held on 4th August 1938 and that she has therefore nD claim to any portion of his pension.

2. In my opinion the discontinuance of the pension which she has been enjoying for the past 14 years on the ground of immortality does not stand to reason especially as the lady is over 55 years of age. That the husband

husband and wife were in good terms is seen from a letter addressed to Srimathi Pankajamma by her husband in very endearing terms so recently as June 1936 and the later story appears to have been got up to deprive her of her claim to maintenance.

3. The Treasury Officer considers that the prayer of the petitioner for the grant of a portion of her husband's pension requires to be settled by the parties going to a Civil Court. This does not appear to be the correct view of the case. That the Political Pensioners are beyond the purview of the Civil Courts is clearly stated in one of the letters addressed by the previous Treasury Officer -Mr.M.S.Ramachandra Rao in his letter to Government (Vide copy of his letter No.5149/S.H.Try. dated 27th February 1933). In this connection I also referred the case to the Government Advocate to ascertain whether (1) Civil Courts have got jurisdiction over disposal of Political Pensions and (2) whether Government themselves can order an apportionment of the pension in such cases. From the reply of the Government Advocate, (copy enclosed) it is seen that the Civil Courts have no jurisdiction to deal with such cases and that only Government have power to sanction the payment of Political Pensions in the manner considered equitable and just. In regard to the particular case under reference, the Government Advocate is of opinion that considering the circumstances of the case the Government can sanction a decent amount out of the pension of Krishnappa Naik to enable her to get the services of others to make her comfortable in her old age.

4. I fully agree to the opinion expressed by the Government Advocate. Mr.Krishnappa Naik is drawing a pension of Rs.127-1-10 per mensem and has no children or other dependents and the wife is the only person dependent on his income. Though I am not in favour of recommending a moiety of the pension as prayed for by Srimathi Pankajamma, I consider it reasonable that a sum of Rs.50/- per mensem may be sanctioned out of the total sum of Rs.133/- to

to enable her to maintain herself in her old age. She belongs to the respectable family of Bagalur Zamindars and the amount recommended by me seems to be reasonable, considering her social status and old age.

4. In this connection, I also invite kind reference to Government Order No.6201/S&A 177-31-5 dated 21st/25th May 1933 wherein the Government have considered and sanctioned the claim of Subbamma wife of Ramaraj Urs, Anegondi Pensioner for a reasonable pension in spite of the husband not agreeing to the payment of the amount to his wife.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

M. Venkaya Urs

Comptroller.

MSR

From.
Officer-in-Charge
State Huzur Treasury,

To,
The Comptroller in Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

Adverting to letter No.Fl.5401dated 17-3-38, forwarding for disposal a pettion by one Srimathi Pankajamma, wife of Mr.Krishnappa Naik, Pollegar of Manjarabad family making several allegations against her husband, I have the honour to state as follows;-

A petition written in the same lines was also received in this office and thereupon her husband was asked to intimate what he had to say on the seven points raised therein and an endorsement was also issued to her on 17-5-1938,that a definite reply would be given to her on receipt of a statement called for from her husband. This statement was received on 17-7-38, and some more petitions bearing on the same subject from both the husband and the wife have since been received. The latest being dated 22-9-38.from Srimathi Pankajamma and the one bearing date 28-9-38 from Mr Krishnappa Naik.

3 Both the parties were asked to appear before me on 22-9-38, to give their statements and for personal enquiry. Srimathi Pankajamma came that day and gave statement. Her husband sent a letter saying that he was sick and could not come that day and that he had nothing to add to the ~~statements~~ facts mentioned in his application dated 21-9-38. He however appeared on 28-9-38,and gave a further petition.

The matter contained in the several petitions submitted by her to the Governament and to this office and in her statement before me on 22-9-1938,and in the petition of Mr.Krishnappa Naik, ~~matter~~ is mostly of the same tenor and may be analysed as under;-

The complaint of Srimathi Pankajamma is -
1) That she was married in 1901,and that she was living with her husband for 8 or 9 years and that since 1910,she is with her parents at Madras.

2) That even before the marriage her husband was ~~living~~ an immoral life and continued to live with one concubine and that he is now living with a Brahmin widow from whom he has got one male and four female children.

3). That she was not able to live with him in this account as well as ill-treatment.

4). That so recently as 1936, he addressed a letter to her in endearing terms as "MY DEAREST WIFE". That in June 1936, he approached her brother at Madras promising to treat her well and took her to Mysore, kept her in a separate house and there threatened her that she should accept the child born to him, the son of his concubine, or that otherwise he would shoot her

5). That from 1924, he was giving her Rs.20/-out of his pension and that it should be enhenced to Rs.66/8/- being moiety of his pension.

6). That the payment of Rs.20/- has been stopped from 1-8-1938.

7). That her husband is proposing to adopt his illegetimate son and that this should not be permitted.

8). That the community Panchayat held on 4-8-1938 divorcing her is not valid and some of those that attended it have since retracted their statements.

In regards to these points Mr, Krishnappa Naik has stated as under;-

1) That his marriage with her was brought about by means of fraud and undue influence by certain - - persons who were interested in her and that they are " SAGOTRAS" and is not valid in law and that to avoid trouble from her, he has divorced her according to custom and dissoloved the marriage connection (if any) and that she is no longer his wife.

2) That she has been leading an immoral life and living separately from him for over thirty years and that she has therefore lost all the rights of a HINDU wife and especially her right to claim any maintenance from him.

3) That after the death of her father in 1924, due to the intervention of some friends including Mr.N.Krishnaswamy Rao the then S.H.T.O, he asked his Agent to pay her Rs-20/- everymonth as charity at his discretion.

4). That this was stopped from 1-8-1938, as her conduct was found to be unsatisfactory and she is sought to cause loss and trouble to him and injury to his reputation at the instigation of other who are inimically disposed towards him.

5). That the allegations made regarding adoption and threatening to shoot her are unfounded.

6). That some of the Panchayatdars who have since retracted the statements have done so due to the influence of Mr.V.V.Naik, Superintendent of C.I. D. and Railways.

It would be seen from the above that all that the petitioner wants is that the allowence of Rs.20/- that she was getting from her husband should be enhanced to Rs.66/8/- and that he should not be permitted to adopt his illegitimate son.

In regard to the latter point it may be stated that questions relating to adoption by the Pollegar families are decided by the Governament on the recommendation of this office. In the present case there is no proposal in this respect so far and so this question does not arise now and she has been informed accordingly in this office's letter No. 1497/S.M dated 31-8-38.

The point then for consideration is about her request for payment of half the pension drawn by her husband who is the Baravardar. She says that she was getting Rs-20/- since 1924 and was satisfied with it and that her husband has stopped payment of this sum from August 1938, after her present petition to the Governament. On his part he admits that he had arranged for payment of this sum to her monthly through his Agent Mr.A.N.RAMARAO, and that he stopped it from August 1938, as her conduct was unsatisfactory.

In regard to his contention that she is leading an immoral life and that the marriage is invalid and that he has divorced her according to custom, I am afraid, that these are matters on which the Treasury Officer is not in a position to give a finding. These are questions that have to be settled in a Civil Court and any finding on this subject by this office will not obviously be binding. But however what is apparent is that the pensioner has admittedly been paying her for nearly fourteen years a sum of Rs.20/- a month out of his pension by whatever name he may now call it whether charity or otherwise. Both the parties were required to produce records if any with them to find out how this sum of Rs.20/- came about to be paid from 1924, though she was living separately, since 1910. No records were however furnished and there are no papers relating there-to in this office also. This arrangement does not seem to have been reported to Governament either. However on enquiry it is learnt this was a private arrangement entered into between the husband and the wife due to the intervention of some people including the then Treasury Officer Mr.N.KRISHNASWAMY RAO. He has stopped payment of this sum from 1-8-1938. The reason adduced by him for this action on his part namely, that her character was immoral and that she was trying to cause loss to him and injury to his reputation does not seem to me to be quite convincing for the reason that he was apparently aware of her alleged unsatisfactory conduct all these years and still gave and continued the payment for 14 years. As already stated before the question as to whether the marriage was invalid and wheather cognisance has

(has) to be taken of the proceedings of the communi Panchayat for divorceing his wife and disentitling her to any maintenance , are matters fo decision by a court of law. It however appears to me that there is not sufficient justification in stopping the allowence suddenly.

In respect of her request for half of the shar of his pension it may be stated that she has been getting Rs.20/- since 1934, and it is only now that this request has come up. In this connection it may be stated that in her statement made before me in person on 22-9-38,(enclosed in original) she has stated that she was satisfied with the sum of Rs-20/- that she was getting from her husband. She has no issues, and so far I could see no convincing reasons have been adduced for the claim put forward now, and think that in this matter if needbe, she may seek relief in a Civil Court.

As regards the question of the continuence of the allowence of Rs.20/- I beg to point out that the Pensioner is not willing to do so on the ground that she is leading an immoral life. It may be stated tha there is no case which is exactly simlier to this on which governament have passed orders. Governament ha in their orders Nos. FL.6182-3-/S&A.177-31-2,dated 12-2-1907 and Fl;404-S&A 177-31-2, dated 3rd.Feb.32. sanctioned the grant of maintainence allowence to the members of the Pollegars Families who were living seperately from their husbands and it is seen from these orders that they were not living together for reasons other than immoral conduct on the part of the women concerned and governament have specificly mentioned that the Baravardars have given their consent for the gran of allowences. In the present case however though there is no order of Governament on the subject the fact that the Baravardar has continuously given this amount of Rs.20/- for fourteen years may be const Thrued as amounting to consent on his part.

In a recent case vide G.O.No.Fl.5588-S & A 256 -37-2-dated 29-3-38, when the wife of a Pollegar - pensioned asked for maintainence and produced a degre passed on this behalf by a Magistarate at Penukonda and the husband stated that she was living seperately for over seventeen years and that that her moral char character was bad and is not entitled for any maintenance, it was held that she has to seek relief in a court of law and no allowence was sanctioned.

Further,kind reference is invited to Asst.-- Secretary's opinion dated 24-1-38, in file No.1904/Fl relating to Srimathi Pankajamma's petition on this question which is reproduced below for ready referenc

"It is not clear what governament could do in this connection. It is not a question of continuing the pension in the name of rightful claimant. The - - Petitioner should seek relief in a civil action - - against her husband."

The several ~~xxxxxx~~ petitions received from both the parties as per statement " A " are enclosed herewith for kind information and kind return.

I have the honoúr to be,
sir,
Your most obdient servant,

R. Sivaiah 10-10-38
STATE HUZUR TREASURY
OFFICER.

Copy of letter No.5149/S.H.Try dated 27th February 1933, from the State Huzur Treasury Officer, to the Financial Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore.

=========

With reference to the correspondence ending with your D.O. letter No.Fl.3824 dated 11th/12th January 1933 regarding the enhancement of a maintenance allowance to Mrs.Subbamma (wife of Ramaraj Urs) Pollegar of Anegondi, I have the honor to state that notices were issued to both the parties and an enquiry was held on 28th September 1932 Mr.A.Ramaraj Urs husband of the petioner, who was present in person filed a written statement to the effect that this office has no jurisdiction in the matter of the grant of a maintenance allowance to his wife and that is one entirely within the jurisdiction of a competent Civil Court. But when it was pointed out to him how the adjudication of all claims in respect of Pollegar Pensions had been expressly taken out of the jurisdiction of Civil Courts and reserved by Government themselves, he agreed to reconsider the matter and intimate his final decision. But he has not yet done so although more than four months have elapsed since then.

2. Petitioner Subbamma, who was also present again urged her grievances and prayed that her maintenance allowance may be raised from Rs5/- to Rs12/- per mensem.

3. It is observed from the records that a maintenance allowance of Rs5/- was recommended to be granted to the petitioner Subbamma in accordance with the consent of Mr.Ramaraja Urs himself, and this has been sanctioned in Government Order No.Fl.404/S&A 177-31-2 dated 3rd/4th Febry 1932. Since then, as it was reported that the counter-petitioner Mr.Ramaraja Urs had totally abandoned the petitioner and taken a second wife, the allowance of Rs5/- was recommended to be enhanced to Rs12/- per mensem in report No.8788/S.H.Try dated 18th May 1932 as that would be the minimum amount required for the independent subsistence of a person of the rank and status of the petitioner and in view of the hardship caused to her by the second marriage of her husband. It has since come to my notice that she is not living independently but she is living with her mother

Nancharamma

Nancharamma who is getting an allowance of Rs3/-. The counter-petitioner vs. Ramaraja Urs contends that the difference between the proposed (Rs12/-) and existing Rs5/- allowance viz., Rs7/- per mensem is too big a slice to be paid out of his slender stipend of Rs16-12-0. But it is learnt that besides, the stipend he is getting a salary of Rs30/- as a clerk in the Munsiff's Court at Mysore. Further, since he has terminated the Agency of Mr. Venkatasubbaiya, he will be saving a sum of Rs2-3-7 per mensem which he was paying as commission to the latter. Thus considering all the circumstances of the case, I am of opinion that the maintenance allowance of Subbamma may be enhanced to Rs8/- per mensem instead of Rs12/- as previously proposed and I recommend accordingly.

==========

7/4/38

Superintendent, Special Section,
Comptroller's Office.

U.O.reply No.38/38-39 dated 1st December 1938 from the Government Advocate, High Court of Mysore, Bangalore to the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore, Bangalore.

.....

Returned with compliments.

Even without an Act like No.VII of 1923, Pensions Act No.XXIII of 1871 introduced in Mysore in the same year is a sufficient bar preventing Civil Courts from taking cognizance of any claim in regard to pensions.

2) The Act mentioned above, viz., No.VII of 1923, is an additional bar for Civil Courts taking cognizance of such claims in suits to which the Government are parties and in the event of the Government giving a portion of the pension to the claimant Mrs. Pankajamma, Mr.Krishnappa Naik will necessarily have to make the Government a party Defendant in the litigation he may launch against the lady for recovery of the portion of the pension to be allotted to her by the Government. The Court will have no option but to reject the claim against the Government, and if he cannot succeed against the Government then his success against his wife Mrs. Pankajamma, cannot be of any avail to him at all. Therefore the answer to the first question referred to me whether the "Civil Courts have got jurisdiction over disposal of political pensions and can order payment of a portion of the pension to his wife" is in the negative.

3) In regard to the second point, I think justice and equity require that the claim of Mrs. Pankajamma should be recognised. The State Huzur Treasury Officer opined that "there is not sufficient justification in stopping the allowance suddenly." It was also noticed by him that Mr.Krishnappa Naik had been giving his wife a portion of his pension for a period of more than 14 years. Indeed that is the admission of Mr.Krishnappa Naik himself. One of his reasons for the sudden stoppage is said to be the fact that his wife has been leading an immoral life, not so much that she began to be immoral from recent times as that she has been immoral all along even prior to 1924. If that be correct there was no reason for him to have stopped it in 1938 having started giving her a pension in 1924 when he knew that she was immoral. I think the story is not really worthy of any

credit,

credit, at any rate so far as her immorality at present is concerne because her age at any rate disables her from being immoral. Morality is at least involuntary.

4) He has also questioned the validity of the marriage on the ground that fraud was practised on him at the time when it took place nearly four decades ago. It is obviously an after-thought much too late in the day to be put forward, and much too frivolous to deserve any serious consideration in the face of the correspondence between the husband and the wife and their living together for several years. On the whole the attack by Mr.Krishnappa Naik against his wife seems to be without basis. In these

5) In these circumstances, the point for consideration will be whether it will not be an equitable use of discretion by the Government to make arrangements so that she may continue to receive Rs.20/- out of the pension which her husband Mr.Krishnappa Naik is entitled to from them. There are many instances in which the Government have been pleased to consider the equitable claim of the dependants of the pensioner and the wife is, of course, the most preferential claimant of them. In my opinion instead of leaving the question of the grant to the tender mercies of the husband who has made such violent attack against the character of his wife, it is better that the Government should be pleased to divide the pension between them and give his wife Mrs.Pankajamma a decent sum sufficient to enable her to get the services of others to make her comfortable in her old age the irreducible minimum being what she was getting from her husband all these days, viz., Rs.20/- per month and the rest to Mr.Krishnappa Naik so as to avoid any contest between the husband and the wife either before the Officers of the Government or in any Court of Law.

"C O P Y"

Superintendent,
Special Section,
Comptroller's Office.

SNS)

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

General and Revenue Secretariat

No. H. 4136 S.A. 292-38-4 Ex 3.

Dated, Bangalore, 3rd January 193 9.

From

The *Financial Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.*

To

The Comptroller to Government,
Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to your Un-official Note No.2950/SHT dated 15th November 1938 and the subsequent letter No.Spl.437 dated 7th December 1938 regarding the claim of Sri Pankajamma wife of Mr. M.Krishnappa Naik Pallegar of Manjarabad to half the Pallegar pension drawn by her husband, I am directed to forward herewith two petitions purporting to be from the Zamindar of Bagalur and brother of Sri Pankajamma and to request the favour of a report. Information in regard to the latte part of paragraph 2 of the petition marked 'A' may also be obtained from the Insurance Office and furnished.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

For Financial Secretary to Govt.

cn/2

Appendix F G—1]

SUBJECT.....

.....

.....

Section S & R.

File No. 292—38

Serial No. 4

Diary No. of letter replied to .....

No. M. 4136/2m3

To The Comptroller to Govt.

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the 193 .

Sir,

With refce to your EO note

Date of issue 4.1.39. no 2950/S&R dated 15-11-1938 and the subsequent letter no Spl 437 D/ 7-12-1938

Signed by M.E.R. re the claim of Sri Pankajamma wife of Mr M. Krishnappa Naik Pallegar of Manjanabad to half the Pallegar pension drawn by her husband, I am directed to forward herewith two petitions purporting to be from the Zamindar of Bagalur brother of Sri Pankajamma and to request the favour of a report.

List of enclosures.....

Copied by .....

Examined by.....

In information in regard to the latter part of ~~Petition (Original)~~ ~~Paragraph~~ paragraph 2 of the petition marked 'A' may also be obtained from the ~~The letter of 7-12-1938~~ The [illegible]

WD 0278—GPB—30,000—4-8-38

Insurance Office and [illegible]

his matrimonial tie and as such she has no longer any claim on his pension.

Regarding the claim of Mrs. Pankajamma for a portion of the pension I invite kind reference to my letter No.437/Spl. dated 7th December 1938, wherein I have submitted a detailed report after obtaining the opinion of the Government Advocate.

Regarding item No.2, Mr.Krishnappa Naik has not made any mention in his written statement. When questioned by the Treasury Officer orally as to what he had to say in the matter he is stated to have replied that he believed Adilakshamma, his second wife to be a woman of his own community as assured to him by his paternal uncle and that he was not aware of her parentage, etc.

The Treasury Officer has examined the following two witnesses in this connection.

(i) Mr.V.B. Srikantiah, son of V.B. Subbiah of Bangalore.

(ii) Mr.V. Srikantiah, Head Master, ~~Primary~~ Railway School, Mysore.

The evidence of these witnesses, who are closely related to Adilakshamma goes to prove that she is being kept as a concubine by Mr. Krishnappa Naik after the death of her husband the late Mr.M. Sreenivasa Murthy who was employed as a Sub Registrar. The first witness also assured the Treasury Officer that he could identify Adilakshamma if she was produced before him. The Treasury Officer thereupon issued notice to Mr.Krishnappa Naik to appear before him on the 25th January 1939 with his alleged wife Adilakshamma. Instead of complying with the notice, Mr.Krishnappa Naik filed another statement on 25th January 1939 (copy enclosed) stating that enquiries regarding his second wife and second marriage are irrelevant and quite inappropriate, etc. It is thus seen that Mr.Krishnappa Naik has lost a good opportunity allowed to him to prove that Adilakshamma was a woman of ni community and not a Brahmin widow as alleged in the petition.

It is also seen from the Insurance Records (enclosed for perusal) that Adilakshamma received a sum of Rs.1,080/- on Policy No.9269 held by the late Mr.M. Srinivasamurthy, as registered Nominee and later on another sum of Rs.154/- due on Policy No.9341 was paid to her on production of a succession certificate as there was a petition from her father Mr.H. Ramiah to pay the amount to him. The amount was authorized in favour of Adilakshamma in accordance with the succession

certificate

S&A-292-28-7

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER TO THE GOVERNMENT
OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

No. Spl. 705 / Enclosures as per list

Bangalore, Dated 8th March 1939.

From

M. VIRARAJA URS, Esqr., B.A., B.L.,
Comptroller to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

GEN. & REV. SECRETARIAT.
14 MAR. 1939
3249
FINANCIAL BRANCH.

To

A.N. Raghavachar, Esq., M.A.,
Financial Secretary to the
Government of Mysore,
Bangalore.

GOVT. OF MYSORE

Sir

With reference to your letter No.Fl.4136/S. & A.292-36-4 dated 3rd/4th January 1939 forwarding for enquiry and report the two petitions received from the Zamindar of Bagalur regarding the claims of Mrs. Pankajamma for a share of the pension drawn by her husband Mr. Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad, I have the honour to submit herewith the report dated 25th February 1939 received from the State Huzur Treasury Officer who has held a very detailed enquiry in the matter.

The main points referred to in the petition are:

(1) That Mrs. Pankajamma may be given one half of the pension drawn by Mr. Krishnappa Naik, and

(2) that Mr. Krishnappa Naik has been keeping one Adilakshamma a Brahmin widow whom he has been trying to pass off as his legitimate wife.

The Treasury Officer has issued notices to all the parties concerned and has allowed them to appear with their counsels. Copies of petitions were also supplied to Mr. Krishnappa Naik as desired by him.

On the date fixed for enquiry that is, on 20th January 1939, Mr. Krishnappa Naik has filed a written statement - a copy of which is enclosed for perusal.

Regarding item (1), he has stated that though he married Pankajamma long ago; he had abandoned her on account of her disgraceful, immoral and contemptible character and that recently in accordance with the decision of the Panchayatdars he has severed

certificate and she has endorsed the voucher in favour of her father Mr.H. Ramiah.

The Treasury Officer considers that there is no reason to disbelieve the statements given by the two witnesses, who are also respectable persons closely related to Adilakshamma. Bel their statements and giving due weight to the facts borne out f the Insurance Records, he has come to the conclusion that Adila shamma referred to in the petition is undoubtedly the Brahmin widow whom Mr.Krishnappa Naik is keeping as his concubine and i trying to pass off as his wife. he has come to.

I agree with the Treasury Officer in the finding. In accor ance with the decision of Government in a similar case referred by the Treasury Officer (G.O.No.28/P. & A.2 of 1894 dated 22nd J 1895, copy enclosed) the claims of the children of Mr.Krishnappa Naik by the Brahmin widow are not to be recognised for any porti of the pension drawn by Mr.Krishnappa Naik.

Mr. Krishnappa Naik has given a petition (copy enclosed) to the Treasury Officer to regi ster the Brahmin widow as his seco wife and the five children by her as his legitimate children. His own father Mr.Venkatadri Naik behaved similarly and the matter went up to Government who, in Government Order No. 28/P. & A.2 of 1894 dated 22nd June 1895 ordered that he could not contract with a divorced Brahmin woman any kind of marriage.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

M. Vinaya Rs.

Comptroller.

SNS)

Pages 1-6
1 Encl 24.
2 27

List of enclosures sent.

1. Two petitions from the Zamindar of Bagalur.
2. Treasury Officer's enquiry Report in original.
3. Copy of Mr.Krishnappa Naik's statement dated 20-1-1939.
4. Copy of Mr.Krishnappa Naik's statement dated 25-1-1939.
5. Copy of Mr. Krishnappa Naik's application dated 22-12-1938 enclosing a geneological tree of his family and requesting to register his children's name as future claimants of his pension.
6. File of Insurance records relating to payment of Insurance amount to Adilakshamma.
7. Copy of Government Order No.28/P. & A.2 of 1894 dated 22nd June 1895.
8. Statements of Messrs. V.B. Srikantiah and V. Srikantiah, relatives of Adilakshamma.

SNS)

1846 1/12/38 Re one 3586 P 38 1

Rajamantrapravina
S.P. Rajagopalachari, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
First - Member of Council, Bangalore

The humble petitioner most respectfully showeth:

That the petitioner is the brother of one Mrs. Krishnappa Naik Pankajamma. The petitioner's sister, Pankajamma was married to Mr. Krishnappa Naik, the Pallegar of Manjarabad in the year 1901.

The petitioner craves leave to bring to the notice of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, ~~her~~ his sister's difficulties and woes caused by his brother-in-law, Mr. Krishnappa Naik who is keeping a brahmin widow and by my father-in-law, Mr. I.M. Narasimhaswami Naik, a retired Amildar who is now residing at Chamundi Extension, Mysore, in order to seek redress.

The petitioner is informed and believes the information to be true that attempts are being made to separate my sister from my brother-in-law, Mr. Krishnappa Naik and that it is fomented and at the instigation of the said Mr. I.M. Narasimhaswami Naik who is attempting to give one of his sons in adoption to the aforesaid Mr. Krishnappa Naik and by one Mr. V.S. Govindarajulu who is learnt to be a clerk in the Revenue Commissioner's office. The latter person is attempting to get a memorial signed by some of the Pallegars in order to get himself included as belonging to the class in order to claim preference in his official career or otherwise.

With this object in view, the said Mr. Govindarajulu has changed his name after the difficulties from 'Govindarajulu' to 'Govindarajulu Naik'. He belongs to Kalyandrug and is a Telegu by caste and not a Pallegar. His name is not to be found in the genealogy of Pallegars that has been maintained regularly from a long time in the State Huzur Treasury of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

~~the Maharaja of Mysore~~. With this end in view and for their own personal gains these persons named have joined my brother-in-law, Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik in this illegal agitation.

The petitioner submits that the petitioner's brother-in-law, Mr.Krishnappa Naik was involved in various civil and other cases and had to leave this country and go to Pondicherry in order to avoid distress warrants and other harassments.

On account of this predicament, the petitioner's sister was compelled out of sheer necessity to live upon the small sum which was given for her maintenance from the year 1926. The said Mr.Krishnappa Naik further involved himself in heavy debts and was forced to leave even Pondicherry to Trichinopoly where also he incurred heavy debts and he suddenly disappeared even from that place in the year 1932 without even paying his house rent.

It is learnt that he stealthily managed to get to Chamarajanagar and managed to come to petitioner's sister. In one of his letters of 1924 written to her, he has addressed her as his dearest wife etc., and in the end has requested her not to divulge any information regarding his residence etc., to the authorities.

Even now he is heavily involved and there are civil and other warrants pending in the State courts as well as elsewhere.

The petitioner submits that in order to escape these warrants the said Krishnappa Naik again shifted from Mysore To Bangalore and has started collecting

money by various dubious methods of threatening people and by various deceptive ways and means and with the assistance of and in collobaration with his concubine and her brother.

The petitioner humbly submits that his sister having lived with her husband so recently as 1936 is entitled at least for 1/2 the pension given to his brother-in-law, Mr.Krishnappa Naik in accordance with the proceedings of Government. As this is undoubtedly a political pension given to the Pallegars so that they can live up to their old status and position and for other reasons known to Government and as it is a grant of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, the petitioner earnestly beseeches Government to exercise their prerogative or other powers in alloting the maintenance as has been done in several other cases, as for example, in respect of the families of Hagalvadi and Chitaldrug.

The petitioner humbly seek protection at the hands of the benign Government of Mysore from such mischiefs of the Political pensioners as the political pensioners and their dependants have none else to look forward to safeguard themselves from such insidious attacks.

The pension being purely a political one, the petitioner can only seek redress at the hands of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

For which act of kindness the petitioner will for ever remain grateful.

I beg to remain,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

D Shanmugam

Zamindar of Bagalur ~~Pallegar~~.

To

A.N.RAGHAVACHAR, ESQ., M.A.,
Financial Secretary to the Government
of Mysore, Bangalore.

Sir,

I, the undersigned Pallegar of Bagalur and the brother of Mrs.Pankajamma, wife of Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik, begs to bring to the kind notice of the Government that lot of inconvenience is being felt by my sister in connection with the stoppage of the portion of the pension that was being given to my sister by Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik.

In this connection I beg to bring to your kind notice that my sister is now aged about 55 and her marriage took place in the year 1900. Evidently Your Honour was pleased to know the allegations made by Mr.Krishnappa Naik in his repeated petitions to Government on several occasions and that too, after 40 years of his marriage, is clear proof to show that they are all one of after-thought, just to deprive my sister of the portion of the pension that she is getting. Evidently, Mr.Krishnappa Naik is trying to make his present concubine who is a widow and who is the wife of one Srinivasa Murthi, a Sub Registrar(now deceased) as his wife. His present concubine, Mrs.Adilakshamma is the grand-daughter of Mr.V.B.Soobiah, the Proprietors of V.S. Soobiah & Sons, Avenue Road, Bangalore City. To prove her caste and her connection with the deceased Srinivasa Murthi, records can be had from the Insurance Office from where she drew the Insurance amount of her husband.

Sometime ago a similar fraud was about to be committed by one Mr.Krishnadeva Naik who had also a [illegible] keep and when the matter went up to Government, the Government decided that a Brahmin widow could never become the legally wedded wife of a Pallegar and issues through her to a Pallegar can never become the legal heirs to the political pension.

(5

4 Under these circumstances, I request your Honour to kindly decide the case in my sister's favour at an early date, giving my sister the benefit of getting her share of pension as a legally wedded wife of Mr.M. Krishnappa Naik.

5 Mr. Krishnappa Naik is now getting a pension of Rs.127/- and as he has no other dependants except his own wife, I request Your Honour to kindly sanction 1/2(half) the pension to my sister.

6 In this connection I may submit to your Honour that there are several cases in which orders have been passed dividing the pension proportionately among all the members of the family as the pension is being evidently declared as a political pension meant for the maintenance of the families of Pallegar pensioners. Therefore, I beg of you to kindly pass early orders so that my sister, Mrs.Pankajamma may live in peace and with some comfort during her old age.

7 For which act of kindness I shall ever pray for Your Honour's long life and prosperity.

I beg to remain,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Samiyam

Zamindar of Bagalur.

(6

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:
POWER,
PONDICHERRY

THE POWER COMMISSION AGENCY

BRANCHES:
CUDDALORE

SOLE AGENCY OF L. CALCULATORS FOR SOUTHERN INDIA

CODES USED:
A. B. C. 5TH EDITION
BENTLEY'S

Dealing in :
All sorts of Trades on Commission

HEAD OFFICE:
NO. 2, IIND Beach Road,

Please quote in your Reply

Pondicherry, 28th August 1926.

ತೀರ್ಥರೂಪು ಸಮಾನರಾದ ಮಾವನವರ ದಿವ್ಯಚರಣಸನ್ನಿಧಾನಂಗಳಿಗೆ ಬಾಲಕ ಯಂ. ಕೃಷ್ಣಪ್ಪನಾಯ್ಕನು ಮಾಡುವ ನಮಸ್ಕಾರಗಳು ಅದಾಗಿ ಈವರಿವಿಗೆ ನಾನು ಕ್ಷೇಮ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ತಮ್ಮೆಲ್ಲರ ಸುಕ್ಷೇಮಾತಿಶಯಂಗಳಿಗೆ ಆಗಿಂದಾಗ್ಯೆ ಬುದ್ಧಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ದಯಪಾಲಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಕೋರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಸಾಂಪ್ರತಾ. ನನ್ನ ಕಷ್ಟವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ನನ್ನ ಸಂಕಟವನ್ನು ಕುರಿತು ಮುll ರಾll ಬಿ. ಚನ್ನರಾಯಪ್ಪನವರಿಗೆ ನೆನ್ನೆದಿನ ಕಾಗದ ಮೂಲಕ ಬರೆದುಕೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಆ ಸಂಗತಿಯು ತಮ್ಮ ಚಿತ್ತಕ್ಕೆ ಬಂದಿರಬಹುದೆಂದು ನಾನು ನಂಬಿರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ನನ್ನಮೇಲೆ ನೀವು ಕೋಪಮಾಡಬೇಡಿ. ನಾನು ಸಕಲ ಸಂಗತಿಗಳನ್ನು ಸ್ಪಷ್ಟವಾಗಿ ಕಾಗದಮೂಲಕ ಸಂಕ್ಷೇಪನಾಗಿ ಬರೆದಿರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ನಾನು ಕಳೆದ ಸುಮಾರು ಇಪ್ಪತ್ತು ವರುಷಗಳಿಂದ ತುಂಬಾ ಕಷ್ಟಗಳಿಗೆ ಗುರಿಯಾಗಿ ಈಗ ದೇಶವನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ನನ್ನ ಬುದ್ಧಿವಂತಿಕೆಯಿಂದ ನಡೆದುಕೊಂಡು ಬಂದಾಗ್ಯೂ ಕೈಲಿ ಒಂದುಸಾವಿರ ರೂಪಾಯಿಯಿಲ್ಲದೆ ಇರುವದರಿಂದ ನಾನು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಬಹುಮಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಕ್ಷೀಣಗತಿಗೆ ಬಂದು ನರಳುತ್ತಾ ಇರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಇಷ್ಟು ಹೀನಸ್ಥಿತಿಗೆ ನಾನು ಬರುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣವೇನೆಂದರೆ— ಕಳೆದ ಇಪ್ಪತ್ತು ವರುಷಗಳಿಂದ ನನಿಗೆ ಬೇಕಾಗುವ ಕಾಲಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಮತ್ತು ನನ್ನ ಇಷ್ಟಪ್ರಕಾರದಲ್ಲಿ ನನ್ನ ಗ್ರಹಚಾರವಶದಿಂದಲೋ ಅಥವ ನನ್ನ ಅಜ್ಞಾನ ವಶದಿಂದಲೋ ಸರ್ವರೂ ತುಂಬಾ ಸಂತೋಷದಿಂದ ನಾನು ಕೋರಿದಂತೆ ಸಾವಿರ ಮತ್ತು ಎರಡುಸಾವಿರ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳು ನನಿಗೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು. ಈಗ ನನ್ನ ವಿವೇಕದೆಶೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಂದರೆ ನಾನು ಯಾವರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ದುಡ್ಡು ಸಂಪಾದನೆಮಾಡಬೇಕು- ಯಾವ ವಿಧವಾಗಿ ಪ್ರಪಂಚದಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳಬೇಕು— ಪ್ರಪಂಚ ಯಾವರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುತ್ತೆಯೆಂಬ ವಿಷಯಗಳೆಲ್ಲಾ ನನಿಗೆ ಮನಸ್ಸಿಗೆ ಬೋಧೆಯಾಗಿ ಇನ್ನು ಅಜ್ಞಾನದೆಶೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಡೆದರೆ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೂ ನನ್ನ ಬಾಳು ಈ ರೀತಿಯಾಗಿ ಪರಿಣಮಿಸುವದೇ ವಿನಹ ಮತ್ತೆ ಬೇರೆಯಿಲ್ಲನೆಂದು ನಾನು ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಂಡು ನನ್ನ ಕೈಲಾದಮಟ್ಟಿಗೂ ನಾನು ನಡೆದು ಬಂದಾಗ್ಯೂ ಸಹ ಹಿಂದಿನ ಸಾಲದ ಪ್ರಭಾವದೆಶೆಯಿಂದ ಈಗಲೂ ನಾನು ಸಾಯುತ್ತ ಇರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಆದಕಾರಣ ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ಮುಳುಗಿರುವೆನು ಮೇಲಕ್ಕೆ ತೇಲಬೇಕೆಂದು ಯಾವ ವಿಧವಾದ ಒಂದು ಸಣ್ಣ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ ಮುಂತಾದವುಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಾವಿರ ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಕೈಲಿ ಇದ್ದರೆ ಅದರಿಂದ ಈಗ ನನಿಗೆ ಸಂಭವಿಸಿರುವ ಕಷ್ಟಗಳನ್ನೆಲ್ಲಾ ಪರಿಹರಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದು ನಾನು ಕೈಲಾದಮಟ್ಟಿಗೂ ಬಾಯಿಬಿಟ್ಟು ಒಂದು ಸಾವಿರ ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಸಾಲಬೇಡಿದರೆ ಈಗಿನ ನನ್ನ ಜ್ಞಾನದದೆಶೆಯಿಂದ ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ನನ್ನ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ನಂಬಿಕೆಯೆಂಬುವದೇ ಮೊದಲು ಹಾರಿ ಹೋಗಿರುವುದಲ್ಲದೆಯೂ ಮತ್ತು ಅವರಿಗೂ ನನ್ನ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರೀತಿ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸಗಳು ಕಮ್ಮಿಯಾಗಿಯೂ ಮತ್ತು ಈಗಿನ ಕಾಲಸ್ಥಿತಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಅವರಿಗೂ ಕಷ್ಟದೆಶೆಗಳಿಂದಲೂ ನನ್ನ ಕೋರಿಕೆ ನೆರನೇರದೆ ಹೋಗಿ ತಿಂಗಳು ತಿಂಗಳಿಗೂ ಮತ್ತಷ್ಟು ಸಾಲಭಾಧೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾನು ಗುರಿಯಾಗಿ ತಮ್ಮಂತಾ ಹಿರಿಯರಿಂದ ನಾನು ಬೈಗಳಿಗೆ ಗುರಿಯಾಗುತ್ತಾ ಇರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಯಾಕಂದರೆ—ನನ್ನ ಕಷ್ಟ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಾಗುವದಿಲ್ಲ. ಒಂದು ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ತಮಗೆ ನಾನು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಅದರಿಂದ ತಾವು ಮತ್ತೇನು ಮನಸ್ಸಿಗೆ ತಿಳಿಯಬಾರದೆಂದು ಬೇಡುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಏನೆಂದರೆ :—ನಾನು ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿಗೆ ಮೊನ್ನೆ ಬಂದಿದ್ದಾಗ್ಯೆ ಇಲ್ಲಿ ನನಿಗೆ 750 ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಸಾಲ ಬಾಧೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಗುರಿಯಾಗಿ ಅದನ್ನು ತೀರಿಸುವದಕ್ಕೂ ಮತ್ತು ನಾನು ಈ ಊರನ್ನು ಕಂಡಿತವಾಗಿಯೂ ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಮತ್ಯಾವ ದೇಶದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿವಾಸಮಾಡಿ ಯಾವದಾದರೂ ತಕ್ಕಮಟ್ಟಿಗೆ ಸಣ್ಣವ್ಯಾಪಾರಮಾಡಿ ಅದರಿಂದ ಕಷ್ಟಗಳನ್ನು ಪರಿಹರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ನಂತರ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿಗೆ ಬಂದು ನಾಸಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ನಾನು ನನ್ನ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣ ಇಷ್ಟದಿಂದ ಬಂದು ಮುll ರಾll ನರಸಿಂಗರಾಯರಲ್ಲಿ ಒಂದು ತಿಂಗಳು ಕಾಲಹರಣೆಮಾಡಿ ನಂತರ ತಮ್ಮಲ್ಲಿ ನನ್ನ ಕಷ್ಟವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿ ಅದರಿಂದ ತಮ್ಮಗಳೆಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಮನಸ್ಸು ಕರಗಿ ನನಿಗೆ ಸಹಾಯಮಾಡಿದಿರಿ. ಆ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ತಮಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಬರೆಯಬೇಕಾಗಿರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ಎಲ್ಲವೂ ತಮಿಗೆ ತಿಳಿದೆ ಇರುತ್ತೆ. ಆಗಿನಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ತಾವೆಲ್ಲರೂ ನನಿಗೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಪ್ರೀತಿ ವಿಶ್ವಾಸ ಮತ್ತು ನನ್ನಮೇಲಿನ ಮಮತೆ ಅಭಿಮಾನ ದೆಸೆಗಳಿಂದ ಕೈಲಾದಮಟ್ಟಿಗೂ ನನಿಗೆ ಬುದ್ಧಿಮಾರ್ಗವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿದಿರಿ ಮತ್ತು ನನಿಗೋಸ್ಕರವಾಗಿ ತಾವೆಲ್ಲರೂ ತುಂಬಾ ವ್ಯಸನಪಟ್ಟಿರಿ. ಅದರಿಂದ ನನಿಗೆ ತುಂಬಾ ಸಂತೋಷವಾಯಿತು. ನನ್ನ ತಾಯಿ ಸತ್ತಿಲ್ಲಾ ಇನ್ನೂ ನನ್ನ ತಾಯಿಯು ಜೀವಿಸಿರುತ್ತಾಳೆಂದು ನಾನು ಚನ್ನಾಗಿ ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಂಡೆನು. ಆ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಬರೆಯಲು ನನಗೆ ತುಂಬಾ ಸಂಗಟವಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಕಣ್ಣೀ ಕಾಣಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲಾ. ಆದಕಾರಣ ಮುಂದೆ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತೇನೆ. ನಂತರ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿನಿಂದ ಹೊರಟು ಇಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಬಂದು 250 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗಿಂತಲೂ ಸಂಬಳದ ರೂಪಾಯಿನಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಸಹ ಸೇರಿಸಿ ಸಾಲಗಾರರಿಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ಬಿಟ್ಟಿನು. ಈಗ ಬಾಕಿ 500 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಾಲಗಾರರು ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಹಿಂಸಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಬರುವ 50 ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಮನೆಯ ಬಾಡಿಗೆ 25 ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಜಾತಾಬಾಕಿ ಉಳಿಯುವ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಜೀವನಮಾಡಬೇಕು? ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ಊರನ್ನು ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಹೋಗಬೇಕು? ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕೈಲಿ ಕಾಸು ಇಲ್ಲದೆ ಈ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ ಮುಂತಾದವುಗಳು ಮಾಡಿ ಜೀವಿಸಬೇಕು. ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಸಾಲಗಾರರಿಗೆ ವಾಯಿದೆ ಹೇಳಿ ಸಾಲ ತೀರಿಸಬೇಕು. ಈ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಕೊಂಡು ನರಳುತ್ತ ಇದ್ದೇನೆ. ಇಲ್ಲಿನ ಸಾಲ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣತೀರಲಿಲ್ಲಾ. ನಾನು ಯಾವ ಕೆಲಸಮಾಡುವುದಕ್ಕೂ ಕೈಲಿ ಕಾಸು ಇಲ್ಲದೇ ಸುಮ್ಮನೆ ಇರಬೇಕು. ಸುಮ್ಮನೆ ಇದ್ದರೆ ಸಾಲಗಾರರ ಸಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಬಡ್ಡಿ ಹೇರಿ,

ಹೇರಿ ಸಾಲ ಮತ್ತಷ್ಟು ಬೆಳೆಯುತ್ತೆ. ಬಿರುನ್ನಸಂಬಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಮೊದಲೇ ಹೊಟ್ಟೆಬಟ್ಟೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಾಲುವುದಿಲ್ಲಾ. ಇದರಮೇಲೆ ಎಷ್ಟೋಕಷ್ಟಗಳು ಬರಿಮೆ ಬರೆದು ಬೇಳುತ್ತೆ. ಮಾಡುವದೇನು. ಈ ವಿಷಯಗಳು ತಮಗೆ ತಿಳಿಯದೆ ತಾವು ನನ್ನಮೇಲೆ ಕೋಪಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು 'ಇನ್ನೂ' ಇವನಿಗೆ ಬುದ್ಧಿ ಬರಲಿಲ್ಲಾ! ಹೊನ್ನೆ ಎಷ್ಟೋ ವಿವೇಕ ಹೇಳಿದೆವು ಕೇಳಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೂ ಇದೇ ಕಷ್ಟಸ್ಥಿತಿಯೆಂದು ತಾವು ನನ್ನಮೇಲೆ ಅಪ್ರೀತಿಯಿಂದಲು ಮತ್ತು ವ್ಯಸನದಿಂದಲೂ ನೋಡಬೇಕಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ನನ್ನ ತಪ್ಪು ಏನು ಇರುತ್ತೆ. ನಾನು ಯಾವದು ಬಾರಿ ಕರ್ಜುಗಳು ಮಾಡಿರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬರೆಯುವುದೇ ನಂದರೆ—ಮೊದಲೇ ಜ್ಞಾನಮಾರ್ಗವಾಗಿ ನಡೆದ್ದು ಅದರಿಂದ ಸುಖಪಡಬೇಕು. ಅದು ತಪ್ಪಿ ಅಜ್ಞಾನಮಾರ್ಗವೆಲ್ಲಿಗೆಲವ ನಡೆದು ಕಷ್ಟಗಳಿಗೆ ಗುರಿಯಾದರೆ ಪುನಃ ಜೀತರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಏಳುವುದು ತುಂಬಾ ಕಷ್ಟವಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಆದಕಾರಣ 500 ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಬಂಡವಾಳಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಯಾವ ವಿಧವಾದ ಈ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುಕೂಲಿಸುವ ಸಣ್ಣ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರಮೊಡಿದರೆ ಪ್ರತಿ ನಿತ್ಯವೂ ಎರಡು ರೂಪಾಯಿ ನಫೆ ಬರುತ್ತೆ. ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ಆ ದಿನದ ಕರ್ಚು ಆಯಿತು. ಅಲ್ಲಿಗೆ ತಿಂಗಳಿಗೆ 60 ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಸಂಪಾದನೆಮಾಡುವಂತಾಯಿತು. ಈ ರೀತಿಯಾಗಿ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾ ಮತ್ತು ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕಷ್ಟಪಟ್ಟು 1000 (ಸಾವಿರ) ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಸಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರತಿ ತಿಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಕಂತು—100 ರೂಪಾಯಿಕೊಡುತ್ತಾಬಂದರೆ ಆಯಿತು. 10 ತಿಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಋಣ ತೀರಿ ನಂತರ ತಿಂಗಳು ತಿಂಗಳಿಗೂ ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಸಂಬಳ 100 ರೂಪಾಯಿ ಬರುತ್ತಾಬಂದರೆ ಸದರೀ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ ವಿಸ್ತು ದೊಡ್ಡದು ಮಾಡಿಕೊಂಡು ಅದರಿಂದ ಎಷ್ಟು ಸುಖಪಟ್ಟು ಮಿಕ್ಕ ಋಣಬಾಧೆಗಳನ್ನು ತೀರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡಿರಬೇಕೆಂಬ ನನ್ನ ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣ ಇಷ್ಟವಿರುವುದರಿಂದಲೂ ಮತ್ತು ಸಿವಸಾಕ್ಷಿಯಾಗಿಯೂ ಈಗ ನನಿಗೆ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ವಿವೇಕ ಮತ್ತು ಜ್ಞಾನ ಬಂದಿರುವುದರಿಂದಲೂ ನಾನು ಎಲ್ಲಾ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ನಡೆದು ಬಾಳುತ್ತೇನೆಂದು ಖಂಡಿತವಾಗಿ ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ತಪ್ಪಿ ನಾನು ನಡೆದರೆ ನನ್ನ ಅವಿವೇಕತನದಿಂದಲೇ ವಿನಃ ಮತ್ತೆ ಬೇರೆಯಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ನಾನು ಜೆನ್ನಾಗಿ ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಆದಕಾರಣ ತಾವು ನನ್ನಮೇಲೆ ಕರುಣವಿಟ್ಟು ಈ ನನ್ನ ಕೋರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ದಯಪಾಲಿಸಿಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ನಾನು ತಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಎಲ್ಲರನ್ನೂ ತುಂಬಾ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸಿಕೊಂಡು ಬೇಡುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ನನ್ನ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಕೈಬಿಟ್ಟು ಇರುವ ಕಾರಣ ಈ ನನ್ನ ಕಷ್ಟಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ನಾನು ತಮ್ಮೆಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ತೊಂದರೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಡಬೇಕಾಗಿ ಬಂದಿರುವುದರಿಂದ ಈ ನನ್ನ ಅಪರಾಧವನ್ನು ತಾವೆಲ್ಲರೂ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಕ್ಷಮಿಸಿ ನನ್ನ ಸಂಕಟವನ್ನು ಪರಿಹರಿಸಿಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ತುಂಬಾ ಎಲ್ಲರನ್ನು ಬೇಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಈ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ತಾವೆಲ್ಲರೂ ನನ್ನ ವಿಷಯವನ್ನು ತಮ್ಮ ಘನವಾದ ಚಿತ್ತಕ್ಕೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳದೆ ಅನಾಧಾರಣೆ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ನಾನು ಮತ್ಯಾವ ವಿಧವಾಗಿ ಬಾಳಬೇಕು? ಈಗಿನ ಈ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಈ ನನ್ನ ಸಂಕಟದೆಶೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಮತ್ತು ನಾನು ಸಂಪೂರ್ಣವಾಗಿ ಮುಳುಗಿರುವ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ತಾವೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಸೇರಿ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಮೇಲಕ್ಕೆ ಎತ್ತಿ ಸಲಹಿದ್ದರೆ ನಾನು ಈ ನನ್ನ ಕಳೇಬರವು ಈ ಪ್ರಪಂಚದೆಲ್ಲಿ ಇರುವವರೆಗೂ ಮತ್ತು ಪರಲೋಕದಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ಸಹ ಈ ಮಹತ್ ಉಪಕಾರವನ್ನು ಖಂಡಿತವಾಗಿಯೂ ಮರೆಯಲಾರೆನು. ಮತ್ತು ಈ ಪುಣ್ಯವು ತಮಗೆ ಯಾವಾಗಲೂ ಸ್ಥಿರವಾಗಿರುವದು. ಈ ಜೀವಂದಕನಾಗಿರುವ ನನಗೆ ನೀವುಗಳು ತಾವುಗಳೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಸೇರಿ ನನಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಂತೆ ಆಗುತ್ತೆ. ನಾನು ಮತ್ಯಾವ ವಿಷಯಗಳಿಗೂ ತಮ್ಮನ್ನು ತೊಂದರೆ ಪಡಿಸುವುದಿಲ್ಲ. ನಾನೂ ಬದುಕಿ ಮತ್ತು ಬಾಳುವ ವಿಷಯಕ್ಕೆ ಈಗ ತನುಗೆ ಇಂಥಾ ತೊಂದರೆಯನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಆದಕಾರಣ ತಾವು ನನ್ನಲ್ಲಿ ಕೋಪಮಾಡಿಕೊಳ್ಳದೆ ಯಾವರೀತಿಯಲ್ಲಿಯಾದರೂ ನನ್ನ ಕೋರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ನರವೇರಿಸಿಕೊಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಬೇಡುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ಇನ್ನು ಹೆಚ್ಚಾಗಿ ಬರೆಯಲು ಶಕ್ತನಲ್ಲಾ. ಸದರಿ ರೂಪಾಯಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರತಿ ತಿಂಗಳಿನಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ನಾನು ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಸಾಕ್ಷಿಯಾಗಿಯೂ ಯಾವ ತಿಂಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ತಪ್ಪದೆ ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಸಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಪಾವತಿಮಾಡುತ್ತಾ ಋಣಬಾಧೆಯನ್ನು ತೀರಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ, ಇದು ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ನಾರಾಯಣ ಪಾದಸಾಕ್ಷಿಯಾಗಿಯು ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ನಡೆದುಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ತಪ್ಪುವುದಿಲ್ಲಾ. ತಾವು ಮಾ|| ರಾ|| ಜನ್ನರಾಯಪ್ಪನವರಿಗೂ ಮತ್ತು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಹೇಳಿ ಮತ್ತು ತಾವು ಸಹಾಯದಿಂದ ಈ ಪಾಪಿಷ್ಠನ ಈ ಚಂಡಾಲನ ಕೋರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ನೆರವೇರಿಸಿ ಪುಣ್ಯವನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಉಪಕಾರದ ಕೀರ್ತಿಯನ್ನು ಪಡೆಯಬೇಕೆಂದು ಮತ್ತೊಂದಾವರ್ತಿ ತಮ್ಮೆಲ್ಲರನ್ನೂ ತುಂಬಾ ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ. ತಾವು ಈ ಕಾಲದಲ್ಲಿ ನನಿಗೆ ಸಹಾಯಮಾಡಿ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಕಾಪಾಡದೇ ಇದ್ದ ಪಕ್ಷದಲ್ಲಿ ತಮಗೆ ಗೊತ್ತಾಗಿಯೇ ಇರುತ್ತೆ ನಾನು ಬರುಕುವ ವಿಷಯ. ಆದಕಾರಣ ಈ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಬರೆಯಲಾರೆನು. ಆದಕಾರಣ ಈ ನಿರ್ಭಾಗ್ಯನ ತಪ್ಪುಗಳು ತನುಗೆಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ಎಷ್ಟು ಇದ್ದಾಗ್ಯೂ ಸಹ ಮರೆತು ಮತ್ತು ಈ ಚಂಡಾಲನ ತೊಂದರೆಯನ್ನು ಕ್ಷಮಿಸಿ ತಾವೆಲ್ಲರೂ ಈ ದುಃಖಿಯನ್ನು ದುಃಖದಿಂದ ಪರಿಹರಿಸಿ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಕೈಬಿಟ್ಟಂತೆ ತಾವುಗಳು ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಕೈಬಿಡದೆ ನನ್ನ ಕೋರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ಮುಂದಿನ ತಿಂಗಳು 5-6 ನೇ ತಾರೀಖು ಒಳಗಾಗಿ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಕಾಪಾಡಬೇಕೆಂದು ಅನೇಕ ವಿಧಗಳಾಗಿ ತಮ್ಮನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು ಎಲ್ಲರನ್ನು ತುಂಬಾ ಬೇಡುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಈಗ ನಾನು ಅಂಥಾ ಕಷ್ಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುಳುಗಿರುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಇವರಮೇಲೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಬರೆಯಲು ಶಕ್ತನಲ್ಲಾ. ನನ್ನ ಪ್ರಾಣವಿರುವವರಿಗೂ ಮೇಲೆ ಬರೆದಿರುವ ಪರತ್ತುಗಳ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಿವಸಾಕ್ಷಿಯಾಗಿಯೂ ತಪ್ಪುವುದಿಲ್ಲಾ. ಅದರಿಂದ ನನಗೆ ಮತ್ತಷ್ಟು ಕಷ್ಟಗಳು ಬಂದಾಗ್ಯೂ ನಾನೇ ಪರಿಹರಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಮತ್ತು ಇನ್ನುಮುಂದೆ ನನ್ನ ಪ್ರಾಣವಿರುವವರಿಗೂ ತಮ್ಮಗಳಿಗೆ ಇಂಥಾ ವಿಷಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಮಾಣ ಸಾಕ್ಷಿಯಾಗಿಯೂ ತೊಂದರೆ ಕೊಡುವುದಿಲ್ಲವೆಂದು ಸತ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬರೆಯುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಈಸಾರ್ತಿ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಪರಿಹರಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಎಲ್ಲರನ್ನು ಬೇಡುತ್ತೇನೆ.

ನಾನೇ ತಮ್ಮ ಸನ್ನಿಧಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಬರಬೇಕೆಂದು ಸಿದ್ಧನಾಗಿದ್ದೆನು. ಆದರೆ ಅದರಿಂದ ನನಗೆ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಮನಸ್ಸು ಬಾರದೆಯೂ ಮತ್ತು ದಡಾರನೆ ಬಂದು ತಮ್ಮಗಳಮೇಲೆ ಬದ್ದುಬಿಟ್ಟರೆ ಅನುಚಿತವೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದು ಈ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ತಮ್ಮ ಸನ್ನಿಧಾನಕ್ಕೆ ಬರೆಯಲು ಕಾರಣವಾಗಿರುತ್ತೆ. ಆದಕಾರಣ ತಾವು ಯಾರಾದರೂ ನನಿಗೋಸ್ಕರವಾಗಿ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ವಿಷಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿಯೂ ತೊಂದರೆ ತೆಗೆದುಕೊಂಡು ತಮ್ಮಗಳನ್ನು ಮೊರೆಹೊಕ್ಕಿರುವ ಈ ಪಾಶಂಡನನ್ನು ಉದ್ಧಾರಮಾಡಬೇಕೆಂಬ್ದು ಬೇಡುತ್ತೇನೆ. ಎಲ್ಲರನ್ನು ಮಾ|| ಅತ್ತೆಯವರನ್ನೂ, ಮಾ|| ಜನ್ನರಾಯಪ್ಪನವರನ್ನೂ, ಚಿ|| ಗೌರಮ್ಮಣ್ಣಿಯವರನ್ನೂ, ಚಿ|| ವೆಂಗಟರಮಣ ಸ್ವಾಮಿನಾಯ್ಕರನ್ನೂ, ಚಿ|| ಮಿಸ್ಸೆಸ್ ವೆಂಗಟರಮಣಸ್ವಾಮಿನಾಯ್ಕರನ್ನೂ, ಮತ್ತು ಎಲ್ಲರನ್ನು ತುಂಬಾ ಕೇಳಿದೆನೆಂದು ಮತ್ತು ಎಲ್ಲರಿಗೂ ನನ್ನ ಕಷ್ಟವನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿಕೊಂಡೆನೆಂದು ಹೇಳುವುದು. ಇಂತೀ ಅನೇಕ ನಮಸ್ಕಾರಗಳು.

* ಎಂ. ಕೃಷ್ಣಪ್ಪನಾಯ್ಕ.

(1

NV | 34 / Reference -

Petition of mr Marinanjappa Nayanaivaru, Zamindar of Bagalur, presented to the 1st member of council, dated 20. 11. 1938 (Flg A)

Petition by the same gentleman presented to the Financial Secretary on 6. 12. 1938 (Flg. B)

Letter No Fl 4136 S.A./292-36-4 dated 3/4-1-39 from the Financial Secretary to Government to Comptroller forwarding the two petitions mentioned above and requesting for a report. (Fl. M.)

To

The Comptroller to the Government of Mysore

Bangalore

Sir,

With reference to the above mentioned petitions forwarded to me for Enquiry and report, I have the honour to submit as follows -

The main points represented by the Zamindar of Bagalur in his two petitions are -

1) Re. Grant of a reasonable maintenance allowance a moity of her husband's pension to Pankajamma his Sister and wife of mr Krishnappa Naik, Palligar of Manjarabad, who is getting a Political pension of Rs-127-1-10 per month.

2) Re - mr Krishnappa Naik keeping as his concubine, one Adilakshamma, a Brahmin widow whom mr Krishnappa Naik has been trying to make his legitimate wife.

Sent for the file and perused H 29/1/39

I conducted the Enquiry on 20.1-39 and 25-1-39 after issuing due notices to both the parties and issuing copies of petitions on request to Mr Krishnappa Naik to come prepared for the Enquiry. Both Mr Krishnappa Naik and the Zamindar of Bagalur applied for permission to appear with their Counsels at the time of Enquiry and with a view to afford them all possible convenience to facilitate the Enquiry, their request was complied with. On 20-1-39 Mr L.S. Raju, and Mr P. Raja Ratnam, advocates appeared with Mr Krishnappa Naik and the Zamindar of Bagalur respectively. Mrs Pankajamma, wife of Mr Krishnappa Naik and Sister of the petitioner was also present.

At the outset Mr Krishnappa Naik filed a written Statement the 18th paragraphs of which deal mainly with his questioning whether the Zamindar of Bagalur had come to Bangalore on the days on which he presented the petitions to the 1st member and the Financial Secretary and if so, whether he had obtained the permission of the Board of Wards, Madras to leave his jurisdiction and go to Bangalore. I explained to them that my present Enquiry had nothing to do with those questions which would not facilitate the disposal of the petitions under Enquiry. The remaining paragraphs of the Statement contain more attacks on Mr V.V. Naik, District Superintendent of Police, Railways and C.I.D and against Mrs Pankajamma whom he says she has finally divorced as a result of her immoral life and that she has forfeited all her claims to any maintenance.

I have already submitted my report regarding the claim of Mrs Pankajamma for her maintenance out of the pension of her husband Mr Krishnappa Naik. In the present Enquiry I have confined myself to ascertaining how far the allegation that Mr Krishnappa Naik is keeping as his Concubine, one Adilakshmana and whether she is a Brahmin widow, as alleged.

I Examined Mr Krishnappa Naik on this point. He stated that Adilakshamma is his Second wife whom he married in 1922. When questioned as to her caste and other particulars he stated that one Mr Kumaraswamy paternal uncle of the petitioner, the Zamindar of Bagalur married her to him, that she believes her to be of his own Community and not a Brahmin or a woman of any other caste and that he does not know her parentage. The Zamindar of Bagalur however refuted this statement and said that his uncle Mr Kumaraswamy was this (Zamindar's) dependant and living in his house and what Mr Krishnappa Naik stated was unfounded and that he could produce substantial proof to show that Adilakshamma was a Brahmin widow.

In this connection, I Examined one Mr V. B. Sreekantiah Son of Mr V.B. Subbiah of Bangalore. He stated that he had a Sister by name Gowramma who was married to one Mr H. Ramiah of Bangalore. Their daughter Adilakshamma was married to one Mr Sreenivasa murthy, a Sub Registrar (now deceased) His sister Gowramma who was all along living with her daughter Adilakshamma left her about the year 1924 and came to him and told him that Adilakshamma was keeping one Krishnappa Naik, a Palegar, that she did not want to remain with her daughter and sought his protection and lived in his house afterwards.

This witness further stated that when his wife was admitted as an in patient in a Special ward in the Victoria Hospital about the year 1923, She informed him one day, that there was another in patient in that Special ward by name Pankajamma of the Palegar Caste who told her that she was the wife of Palegar Krishnappa Naik who was ill treating her and was keeping a Brahmin woman Adilakshamma by name, as his Concubine. He also stated that when he went to Mysore last year and Stayed with another sister of his by name Annapurnamma, the latter related to him the changed circumstances in the life of Adilakshamma who was temporarily Stopping in the Ranjarajan Bahadur Chowltry at Mysore with Mr Krishnappa Naik and had Expressed her desire to see him being her maternal uncle but that he flatly refused to Comply as he felt he was grieved at her disgraceful life and had nothing to do with her.

When questioned whether this niece Adilakshamma is the Same as, or different from Adilakshamma who Mr Krishnappa Naik Says is his Second wife, Mr Srikantiah Stated that he could not Say anything definite unless he Saw Adilakshamma whom he could identify if present. (H. D.)

In para 9 of this statement dated 24-1-1939 (H C) Mr Krishnappa Naik describes himself as "It must be remembered that I am a respectable gentleman and am Entitled to Consideration and regard ... Etc". From this personality coupled with the decent political amount of pension which he gets monthly viz Rs 127-1-10, it was not possible for me to discredit the version of Mr Krishnappa Naik that Adilakshamma was a woman of his own Community.

Mr V. B. Sreekantiah is also a gentleman of respectability and it was equally difficult to discredit his statement either. There were thus two conflicting versions about the caste of Avilakshamma who must be either a Paligar woman according to Mr Krishnappa Naik or a Brahmin widow according to Mr V. B. Sreekantiah. The only solution to get out of this dilemma was to get her identified by Mr V. B Sreekantiah.

A notice was accordingly issued to Mr Krishnappa Naik requesting him to appear with Avilakshamma in the Huzur Treasury on 25. 1. 1939, and Mr V. B. Sreekantiah was also requested to be present.

On 25. 1. 39 Mr Krishnappa Naik, instead of complying with the notice, sends a reply by a registered post (Ex. C) wherein he has stated among things ..... As a matter of fact enquiries and questions regarding my second wife and second marriage are not only irrelevant but also quite inappropriate and not proper (para 5) ..... and I am to request you to treat the Enquiry held on the 20th instant as closed ... Etc" (para 10).

I may be permitted to mention here that the 2nd para of the petition of the Zamindar of Bagalur, presented to the Financial Secretary - marked A - contains some allegations against Avilakshamma and this is one of the points about which I was required to hold an Enquiry and submit report. When the petitioner, the zamindar of Bagalur stated in this petition that Avilakshamma is a Brahmin widow of Mr Seenivasamurthy whose life Insurance amount she received after his death, and is now the Concubine of Mr Krishnappa Naik and when the latter gentleman was asked about the truth of the allegation, it was open to him to disprove or admit the allegation. Instead of doing so, Mr Krishnappa Naik has questioned the propriety or otherwise of the Enquiry and has thereby hindered the progress of the Enquiry by trying to conceal material facts required

for Submission of a Correct and Complete report to Government.

Another witness Mr V. Srikantiah Head master Railway School, Mysore, was Examined on 30.1.39. He stated among other matters that Adilakshamma was closely related to him, being his wife's Sister's daughter. She was married to one Sreenivasa murthy, a Sub Registrar and that after the latter's demise, she Contracted friendship with Mr Paligar Krishnappaiah whom he knows and with whom she is living as a Concubine for the past Some years; that he had to stand surety for him in a civil Court decree when he was arrested for a Civil debt in Mysore and that Mr Krishnappaiah had Expressed his intention to transfer his pension and properties to his Children by Adilakshamma. (H. E.)

There is nothing to doubt the testimony of this gentleman either. Both Mr V. B. Srikantiah and Mr V. Srikantiah are or at any rate were, very near relations of Adilakshamma being respectively her maternal uncle, and mother's Sister's husband. They are in my opinion, among the best persons who could authoritatively speak on matters Concerning Adilakshamma's birth, parentage marriage and other particulars and until Mr Krishnappa Naik or Adilakshamma disproves Krishnappa Naik has obviously lost the opportunity afforded to him by his avoiding to bring Adilakshamma for the Enquiry.

From the attitude of Mr Krishnappaiah Naik the only inference that could be drawn appears to me that Adilakshamma is undoubtedly a Brahmin widow and a Concubine of Mr Krishnappaiah Naik who apprehends that identifying Adilakshamma by

by her close Brahmin relations would bring to light, the truth about her birth, caste and other particulars.

In para 2 of the petition presented to the Financial Secretary, the Zamindar of Bagilu has mentioned (portion marked A) that Adilakshamma received certain insurance amounts due to her late husband Sreenivasamurthy. From the records received from the State Life Insurance Office it is seen that one Adilakshamma, as the registered nominee of her husband Sub Registrar Sreenivasamurthy, is the recipient of Rs 1080/- being the amount bonus for the Policy No. 9269 and of Rs 154/- in respect of Policy No. 9341 after producing a succession certificate from a Court of Law as she was not nominated in the latter case. The first payment amount she has endorsed to her father, one Mr. H. Ramiah (H. 7). The record discloses that Adilakshamma is the daughter of a Brahmin Mr H Ramiah and wife of one Mr Sreenivasamurthy who was a Sub Registrar at Chikballapur The statements of messrs V.B. Srikantiah and V. Srikantiah sufficiently disclose that Adilakshamma is the daughter of Mr H Ramiah and was married to Mr Sreenivasamurthy, after whose death she has been a concubine of Mr Krishnappa Naik and is living with him. If only Adilakshamma were present at the time of Enquiry, how easily her identification could have been satisfactorily proved by her Brahmin relations as well as by a verification of her signatures contained in the several petitions and in the receipt found in the Life Insurance Record!

Mr Krishnappa Naik has filed an application on 23.2.39 (H. 5.) purporting to be the genealogical tree of his family and states that Adilakshamma is his second wife ~~and this~~ from whom he has got 4 daughters and a son whose names he requests to be registered in the official Records. For

It appears to me that in Endeavouring to get the name of his Brahmin Concubine and her children registered as his 2nd married wife and legitimate Children, Mr Krishnappa Naik is only treading in the footsteps of his father the late Mr Venkatadri Naik, who had married a divorced Brahmin by name Puttamma and had two Sons and two daughters by her when he wanted to pass off as this legitimate wife and children and, even left a Will in favour of these Children. When Mr Krishnadeva Naik, the eldest of these children applied for a portion of his father's pension, being the Sole and the question having gone up to Government; it was finally decided [H. H.] that in their Order No. 218/P A 23 1894, dated 22nd June 1895 that Government cannot regard Palegar Pensions as the proper subject of testamentary or other disposition by the pensioner. Such a pension must always descend, in the ordinary course of inheritance. Government find that Puttamma was a divorced Brahmin woman and as such not a person with whom Venkatadri Naik could have contracted any kind of marriage, however inferior." They have accordingly rejected the petition of the illegitimate son Krishnadeva Naik and registered the entire pension in the name of Mr Krishnappa Naik, eldest son by the legitimate Palegar wife of Mr Venkatadri Naik. This Krishnappa Naik is the same Mr M. Krishnappa Naik, Palegar of Manjarabad who has discarded his legitimate Palegar wife Pankajamma and is keeping a Brahmin widow Adilakshamma whom he wants Government to recognise as his legitimate wife and children by

by her, his Legitimate Children.

I beg to submit that in the light of the facts ascertained in the course of the Enquiry, I am of opinion that the allegation of the Petitioner, the Zamindar of Bagalur viz that Mr Krishnappa Naik is keeping as his concubine one Avilakshamma a Brahmin widow whom he is trying to misrepresent that she is his wife, is true. I may also submit that Mr Krishnappa Naik is in no small degree responsible for the misfortunes of his Legitimate wife Mrs Pankajamma who is now over 50 years of age and deserves Sympathetic consideration at the hands of the benign Government in respect of her maintenance during her old age.

The Connected papers + files are Enclosed for favour of perusal.

I have the honour to be
Sir
Your most obedient Servant
R Srinivasa
Asst D/c State Prosecuting
Bangalore

25.2.1939
Bangalore

(10

Statement furnished by Mr.M. Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad on 20th January 1939 to the State Huzur Treasury Officer.

Subject:- Statement of Mr.M. Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad, with reference to the alleged petitions of the Zamindar of Bagalur, dated 20th November 1938 and 6th December 1938 to the First Member of Council and the Financial Secretary to Government, respectively.

.....

I, M. Krishnappa Naik abovenamed beg to submit as follows, with reference to the above matter:-

1. I am grateful to you for forwarding to me copies of the above alleged petitions said to have been presented by the Zamindar of Bagalur.

2. On perusing the allegations contained in the said petitions, I have very grave and genuine doubts whether the alleged Zamindar of Bagalur could have been really present on the alleged dates and presented the petitions. Unless the alleged Zamindar is brought in person before you and sworn to the contents of the same, I beg leave to submit that it is impossible to believe that he was personally present to file such petitions, and, even if he was personally present, which is very doubtful, whether he voluntarily did so.

3. There has been some serious fraud practised in this connection, and I request you to kindly issue summons to the Zamindar of Bagalur to appear in person before you in connection with the alleged petitions.

4. I would further request you to kindly address a letter to the Court of Wards, Madras, in whose charge the Zamindar of Bagalur is, and ascertain whether the alleged Zamindar had their permission to go over to Bangalore on the alleged dates as I am given to understand that he cannot go over here without the permission of the Court of Wards.

5. I have got documentary evidence to show that the alleged Zamindar of Bagalur ceased to take any interest regarding his sister Mrs. Pankajamma, and never concerned himself about it.

6. As regards the allegations themselves, I submit that they are highly libellous, reckless, irrelevant and obviously emanating from some one who is inimically disposed towards me and who is

trying

trying to do me harm in all sorts of ways. I have therefore no hesitation in mentioning to you that the alleged petitions, in respect of which I have been called upon to answer, have been engineered by and are the creations of one Mr.V.V. Naik, who is holding the position of the District Superintendent of Police, Railways and C.I.D., at present, and who, abusing his position as such, has been trying to cause damage to me and harm me in various ways for the last several months.

7. About the period when the alleged petitions have been said to be presented by the Zamindar of Bagalur, I have filed a criminal complaint against the said Mr.V.V. Naik in the Second City Magistrate's Court and have also brought his conduct to the notice of the authorities in Mysore, including the Dewan of Mysore, and especially the District Magistrate, Bangalore. I will file before you the copy of my petition before the District Magistrate and also the copy of the criminal complaint now pending.

8. As regards the allegations in the petitions, it is significant that the said Mrs. Pankajamma herself, who is supposed to be the aggrieved party, has not come out with any petition of her own but that her case should have been espoused by an alleged brother of hers remaining outside the jurisdiction of this place and under the Madras Court of Wards. She is living with the aforesaid Mr.V.V. Naik, and he has been instrumental in getting up these petitions.

8. Apart from other wholly reckless, irrelevant and libellous allegations in the petitions, for which I reserve hereby my right to seek redress in a court of law, I feel, at this stage, I may be called upon only to meet the allegation that Mrs. Pankajamma as a married wife of mine is entitled to some share in the political pension now granted to me. As regards this matter, I must first submit that although the said Mrs. Pankajamma was married to me long ago, on account of her disgraceful, immoral and contumacious conduct, we hardly lived any married life, and I had abandoned and separated her long ago, thereafter living with my second wife who has got four daughters and one son.

9. Out of pure generosity and charity and at her importunities and also on condition that she did not live in adultery again, I was giving the said Mrs. Pankajamma a sum of Rs.20/- for her maintenance

for

for the last 14 years. Now, recently, during the last 10 months or a year, she has been set up and instigated by the aforesaid Mr.V.V. Naik, and behaving most atrociously towards me and trying to harm me in many ways. Accordingly, I decided to sever the marital tie in accordance with custom, law and usage and at a duly convened panchayat meeting held in August last year, and after notice to her I duly divorced her and she is no longer my wife and no longer entitled to any rights as a wife in any place. The panchayat proceedings may be kindly sent for and perused.

10. Under the aforesaid circumstances, the very basis of the alleged right of claim put forward on behalf of the said Mrs. Pankajamma disappears and the petitions are liable to be summarily rejected.

11. The question whether the divorce proceedings are not valid and whether she has not ceased to be my wife on that account are all matters for adjudication by a Civil Court. The Government at present can only take notice of the admitted fact that she has been divorced as per custom, law and usage. And it is only after she establishes now that she continues to be the wife by any Civil Court that she gets the locus standi to prefer any claim, tenable or otherwise, either in a Civil Court or before Government.

12. Further, I may also be permitted to submit that even the question of maintenance of a share by an allotment in the pension will only arise when it is first proved that the said Mrs. Pankajamma continues to be my wife and also that is a matter for adjudication by a Civil Court, because at present I am the person solely entitled to pension and anybody having the right of maintenance or charge on that as against me under the provisions of the Hindu Law, can only establish it in a Civil Court, in accordance with the personal law.

I crave leave to submit an additional statement, if found necessary.

"C O P Y"

Superintendent,
Special Section,
Comptroller's Office.

SNS)

(15)

now act in derogation of the Panchayat decision. This is the only matter which is relevant and in issue.

5. As a matter of fact, enquiries and questions regarding my second wife and second marriage are not only irrelevant but also quite inappropriate and not proper. My second wife is not on trial now and she has not come up before Government or any other authorities for any relief to her, and these are obviously matters quite alien to the present enquiry unless it is the mind of somebody inimically disposed towards me to pursue this matter with a view to put pressure on me or disgrace me.

6. I therefore most respectuflly beg to submit that after your having expressly concluded the enquiry on the last date of hearing and the petitionar, the Zamindar of Bagalur, having expressly stated that he has no other evidence to offer (the evidence which he did offer having proved futile so far as he was concerned) there was really no need for pursuing the matter further.

7. I may also be permitted to submit that I have not been favoured with the exact scope of the enquiry by a specific order of the Government in this matter. I was only favoured with copies of the alleged petitions said to have been forwarded to the Government by a third party, that is, the Zamindar of Bagalur.

8. You will therefore kindly excuse me if I am obliged to request that you will be so good as to confine the scope of the enquiry to the alleged rights of the real petitioner, namely, Mrs. Pankajamma, and not introduce matters which affect the rights of third parties alien to the enquiry and not under trial and who have not put in any petition before the Government. Whiel agreeing and endeavouring to do everything possible to help the enquiry, you will agree with me that I cannot allow any third parties' rights to be prejudiced or agree to a course which is intended to traverse far beyond the legitimate scope of the enquiry in question. If an affidavit by Mrs. Adilakshamma, my 2nd wife will do, I shall get it produced after she is better.

9. It must be remembered that I am a respectable gentleman and i entitled to consideration and regard, and my enemies cannot expect that the authorities will or, should be guided by them with regard to the scope of the enquiry or the manner thereof.

(12)

Statement dated 25th January 1939 from Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik,

Pallegar of Manjarabad, to the State Huzur Treasury Officer,

Reference:- Your communication No.4139/S.H.T. dated

23-1-1939 asking me to appear before you with my second wife,

Adilakshamma on the 25th instant.

I was surprised to get the above communication.

1. In the first place, I must express my inability to comply

with the request as my second wife is laid up with illness and is

not in a position to move about now. Secondly, I am advised to

submit as follows:-

2. On the last date, that is, on the 20th instant when I

appeared before you with my Counsel, it was expressly understood

that the enquiry was over, and the re-starting of the enquiry

again not in connection with any matter in which my ex-first wife,

Mrs. Pankajamma, has to represent her grievances, but in connection

with a matter entirely dehorse the actual issue in question, is one

against which I must most respectfully and emphatically protest.

3. As you are aware, the written statement which I filed on

the 20th instant would disclose how I have been harassed, ill-

treated and harmed by the machinations and evil genius of one

Mr.V.V. Naik, who is using his present official influence to

misrepresent matters and disgrace me and my second wife.

4. It would be further seen that on the last date of hearing

Mrs. Pankajamma, the alleged aggrieved party, who was present

and on whose behalf her brother is alleged to have sent up some

petitions (although it is now found that he dared not say that he

presented them in person as was alleged), had no questions to put

to me. The point in question is whether Mrs. Pankajamma, who

admittedly was only receiving a maintenance of Rs.20/- from me as

a generous measure till her status as my wife ceased by virtue of

the Panchayat divorce proceedings in August 1938, is entitled to

urge her claims before the Government without adjudicating her

rights in any Civil Court. The very fact that she was only gettin

a maintenance from me, as admitted by her, for the last 14 years

would show that she has been living separate from me and I cannot

now

(15

10. In the light of the above facts and circumstances and in view of the fact that my second wife is at present laid up with illness and that it is not in my power to produce any third parties before the enquiry I am to request you to treat the enquiry held by you on the previous date, that is, 20th instant, as closed and kindly submit your report. If, however, the matter is pursued in a manner which is detrimental and obviously not fair, I beg for leave to place the matter before the Financial Secretary to Government and the Dewan of Mysore.

"C O P Y"

Superintendent,
Special Section,
Comptroller's Office.

SNS)

(16

Application dated 22nd December 1938 from Mr.M. Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad, forwarding a geneological tree of his family and requesting that the names of his second wife and her children may be registerdd as heirs of his pensio

---

I have herewith sent a copy of the geneological tree of my family, and request you to kindly get it duly registered in the records of your office.

M. Krishnappa Naik, son of M. Venkatadri Naik, Pollegar of Manjarabad. The pension of Rs.127-1-10 has been granted to the abovenamed M.Krishnappa Naik by the Dewan Saheb in accordance with the Government Proceedings No.28-P & A. of 1894, dated 22nd June 1895 after his father's death M. Venkatadri Naik. This is now in force. The details of his family are given in the following table.

The Table of the geneological tree showing the details in the family of this M. Krishnappa Naik.

No.	Names of the Barawarddar and his family.	Date of birth	Present age.	Marriage and other details.	Educatio
1.	M.Krishnappa Naik, Palegar of Manjarabad - Barawarddar	1880	58	1901	English & Kannada.
2.	1st Wife - Pankajamma - No children - divorced her according to custom of our caste men on dated 3 & 4 August 1938	Not Known	50	"	Kannada.
3.	2nd wife - Lakshamma, (Adilakshamma) she had children.	Not known	40	1922	Kannada.
4.	1st daughter - Devi Krishnakumari	3-12-1923	15	No	English & Kannada
5.	2nd daughter - Devi Sampathkumari	18-3-1927	11½	NO	Kannada
6.	3rd daughter - Devi Santhkumari	14-11-1928	9½	No	No do
7.	4th Daughter - Devi Vasanthkumari	14-12-1931	7	No	do
8.	1st son - Hebbuli Venkatadri Naik	16-3-1935	3½	No	do

"C O P Y"

Superintendent,
Special Section,
Comptroller's Office.

SNS)

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

Read:-

1. Khazana Bukshi's report No.1, 2, and 10 dated 6th and 17th July and 2nd October 1894 respectively.

2. Petitions from Krishnappa Naik and Lingappa Naik dated 29th September and 17th November 1894 respectively.

3. Petition from Krishnadeva Murti dated 17th August 1894.

No.28/ P. & A. 2 of 1894 dated Bangalore 22nd June 1895.

Order thereon:

The dispute is regarding the distribution of the Pallegar pension of Rs.127-1-10 a month enjoyed by the late Venkatadri Naik of the Manzarabad Pallegar family. The whole is claimed by his two legitimate sons Krishnappa Naik and Singappa Naik, while a share of it is claimed by his illegitimate sons Krishnadeva Murti and Vasudeva Murti by a concubine named Puttamma not only on the ground of their alleged status as members of the family but also under a will left by their deceased father.

2. The Government cannot regard Palayagar pensions as the proper subject of testamentary or other disposition by the pensioner. Such a pension must always descend in the ordinary course of inheritance.

Coming next to the question, whether the sons of Puttamma have any status in the family or are entitled to any portion of the pension as sons by and inferior kind of marriage, the Government find that Puttamma was a divorced Brahmin woman and as such not a person with whom Venkatadri Naik could have contracted any kind of marriage, however inferior.

The Government accordingly decide that the entire pension should be continued to the legitimate sons of Venkatadri Naik by his wife Krishnajammanni, and registered in the name of the elder of these, Krishnappa Naik, and disbursed during his minority to his guardian Muddukrishnappa Naik, (Rayadrug Palayagar), with effect from the date of Venkatadri Naik's death.

"C O P Y"

Superintendent,
Special Section,

Mr V. B. Srikantiah — of messrs V. B. Subbiah and Sons of Bangalore. (20.1.1939)

I had a sister by name Gowramma who was married to one Mr H Ramiah. Their daughter Ahilakshamma was married to one Srinivasa Murthy, who was a Sub-Registrar and who is now dead. My sister Gowramma died at Trichinopoly and I did not go there. I last saw Ahilakshamma in 1910 or 1911 at Channarayapatna, B. Rly. I have not seen Mr Krishnappa Naik. I learn that Ahilakshamma is still alive and I can identify her if she is here

avg
20.1.3

Enquiry Continued on 25.1.3

Mr Krishnappa Naik on whom a notice was served to attend the Enquiry office today, with Ahilakshamma sends a reply by a registered letter stating among other things that he cannot produce Ahilakshamma for the Enquiry. The Enquiry had therefore to be Continued in their absence —

Mr V. B. Srikantiah —

There was no opportunity for me to meet Ahilakshamma and I did not want to see her either as I was quite

to understand that after her husband's death she began to live a questionable life. My sister Gowramma was living with her daughter all along but suddenly came to me about the year 1924 and informed me that her daughter was keeping one Krishnappa Naik, a Palegar and was spoiled by the latter, that she advised her daughter but she never listened to the advice with the result that my sister Gowramma did not want to remain with her daughter and sought my protection and being my own sister, I told her that she might remain in my house thereafter.

About the year 1923 my wife became ill and I admitted her as an in patient in the Victoria Hospital and kept her there for treatment. I visited her daily, and one day she told me that there was another in patient in the same ward by name Pankajamma of the Palegar caste who informed her that she was the wife of one Krishnappa Naik a Palegar, and that she was undergoing several hardships on account of ill treatment by her husband who was keeping one as a concubine by name Adilakshamma a Brahmin woman. My wife suspected to be no other than my sister's daughter Adilakshamma

I went to Mysore last year and stayed in the house of my another sister Annapurnamma and she told me that Adilakshamma was

Adilakshamma was temporarily staying in the Ramjaraja Bahadur's Choultry with one Palegar Krishnappa Naik and had ~~Explained~~ Explained to her ~~that of~~ her desire to see ~~him~~ me being her maternal uncle. I informed my sister that I refused to comply with Adilakshamma's request as I felt that She was a disgrace to my family by her disgraceful Conduct, and that I had nothing to do with her.

When questioned whether this Adilakshamma who is his sister Sowramma's daughter is the same Adilakshamma whom Mr Krishnappa Naik Called his second wife, Mr V. B. Subbaraya Sastri

I cannot give a definite answer to this question. I have not seen Mr Krishnappa Naik though I have heard stories of his keeping one Adilakshamma. I have not seen myself his daughter Adilakshamma for several years but I am sure I can identify her if present.

Recorded by me

R. Sreenivasa

25. 1. 39

(21

Statement made by Mr.V.Srikantiah, resident of Mysore.

I am related to Mr.V.V.Soobiah and I have married his last daughter. The present Proprietor of Messrs.V.B.Soobiah & Sons, Printers, Avenue Road, Bangalore City, Mr.V.B.Srikantiah is my own brother-in-law. In June 1910 my Nuptial marriage was celebrated along with the Nuptial marriage of Mr.M.Srinivasamurthi and Adilakshamma in the same house. Mr.Srinivasamurthi died by about the end of 1912. By about the year 1916 I saw Mrs.Adilakshamma living in Hospital Lane, Balepet, Bangalore City. Then I used to see Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik, Manjarabad Pollegar, visiting her house. Some time later, I heard that Mrs.Adilakshamma, the grand-daughter of Mr.V.B.Soobiah went away with Mr.Krishnappa Naik. Recently, about 4 years ago, they came to Mysore and were residing there.

The first time I came in contact with Mr.Krishnappa Naik was in 1937 when he was arrested by a Civil Court warrant. Then Adilakshamma came running to my house and begged me to stand surety for Mr.Krishnappa Naik. I stood surety for him in the Court and got him released. Subsequent to this incident, I was now and then visiting them just to see that the Civil Court decree amount is paid. Again they approached me in connection with another arrest warrant about three months ago and I refused to comply with their request.

I know Mr.Krishnappa Naik and Adilakshamma well and they had also discussed with me regarding Adilakshamma and her children becoming legal heirs to Mr.Krishnappa Naik's pension. I said that it may not be possible and dropped the question. Adilakshamma said that Mr.Krishnappa Naik was keeping her for the last many years and the present boy was born to him. At present both Mr.Krishnappa Naik and Adilakshamma are living together. The above Statement is made by me and this statement is given to the officer in charge of the State Treasury Bangalore in regard to some documents required by him V. Srikantiah (Bangalore)

30-1-39

Head mistr R.V.School-Mysore

Before me

R. Sreenivasa

30.1.39. SHTO

FINANCIAL SECRETARY
20 MAR 19
GOVT. OF MYSORE

From

M. Krishnappa Naik,
Pallegar of Manjarabad,
No.23 Viseveswarapuram,
Bangalore City.

To

The Financial Secretary
to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

S i r,

In connection with the petition of my ex-wife, Pankajammal, pending before you and also my counter petitions and objections thereto, I beg to enclose herewith (a) copy of my petition to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and (b) copies of the petitions filed by my kinsmen in the matter, with a view to further elucidate the points under consideration now before Government.

2. I beg to further add as follows, by way of further information and clarification of the issues involved. Although myself and my ex-wife were married in 1901, there was not much of cordiality or the exercise of conjugal rights at any time. Till 1909 she was coming to my house off and on and from 1909 on account of her proved bad and immoral conduct and her refusal to mend her ways and live as a Hindu wife ought to do, there was a complete separation between myself and her

and

and I had nothing to do with her on any account whatsoever. I married a second wife and have been living with her and have children by her, including a son born in March 1935.

3. In the year 1922 my ex-wife lost her father and on that account and on account of her entreaties as well as the entreaties of some of my kinsmen, I made up my mind out of purely charitable and generous motives to give her Rs.20/- per mensem so that she may maintain herself, but that was absolutely on the condition that she mended her ways and ceased to have recourse to adultery.

4. She was receiving the amount I was paying her and was living separately, and although she did not completely mend herself, there was not much of public outrage on her part until recently, that is, till 1935 when my second wife gave birth to a son. From that time onwards she became the victim of the machinations of Shri V.V. Naik, D.S.P., Railways and C.I.D., with the result that not only she practically became a public prostitute as such, but openly carried on a most mischievous and malicious campaign against me and inconsistent with the duties and obligations of a Hindu wife. Naturally, my patience was exhausted and I had recourse to the customary law of divorce governing

our

our community in accordance with the Hindu law, custom and usage, and after due notice of a panchayat meeting convened for the purpose, the panchayatdars in accordance with such usage, law and custom duly sanctioned the divorce with effect from August 1938. Since then she cannot and is not regarded by me as a wife at all entitled to any claim whatsoever.

5. I am advised to respectfully submit to the Government of Mysore that even a wife who has not been divorced, whether legitimate or illegitimate, loses her right to any kind of maintenance on account of her immoral conduct or adultery. When such is the case, in addition to Pankajammal's proved bad conduct and adultery and her inimical behaviour towards me, she has lost the legal status of a wife in view of the Panchayat's decision and my respectful submission is that she has absolutely no status and locus standi to get any maintenance whatsoever and payment of such maintenance will be derogatory to the decision of the Panchayat and affect my rights.

6. I further submit that I will submit through my Counsel at a hearing authorities in support of the position when such divorces are in accordance with established

To

The Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District,

Bangalore.

Nadamuni Naidu, Retired Head Sorter, R.M.S. Residing at No. 25, Fort, Lalbagh, Road, Bangalore city. } Petitioner.

The petitioner abovenamed begs to state as follows:-

That he is a member of the Palegar community and is a permanent resident of Bangalore.

That in pursuance of a notice sent to him by Mr. I.M. Narasimha Naik, Retired Amildar and Palegar of Manjarabad to attend a communal panchayat on 3rd and 4th ultimo respectively to consider the petition submitted by Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik Palegar of Manjarabad, in response of Mrs. Pankajamma who was his wife, the petitioner attended the meeting and voted for the divorce of the said Pankajamma, on account of her misconduct, according to the custom prevailing in their community, and signed the unanimous resolution arrived at by the panchayatdars.

The said Pankajamma is now living with Mr. V.V. Naik Superintendent of Police, Railway and C.I.D., and V.V. Naik has been abusing his official position and is threatening the several members of their community who participated in the Panchayathi, including the petitioner, with criminal prosecutions.

On or about 15th September 1938, Mr. V.V. Naik sent one B. Channarayappa, a permanent member of his household to persuade the petitioner to sign a document purporting to disown all knowledge of the proceedings of the said Panchayathi and to make a statement that his signature was taken by force and fraud to a resolution which was written up in Canarese,

language which did not understand.

As the petitioner refused to do any such thing the C.I.D. Police constables are visiting his premises at all odd hours just to cause him annoyance and disgust to coerce him to make a statement as they want.

For the reasons stated above the petitioner humbly prays that the policeman may be directed to stop causing annoyance tohim by interfering with his personal affairs and make needless enquiries about matters which do not in the least concern them.

Bangalore city,
26th September 1938. Petitioner.

"C o p y".

and that his signature was taken to it by misrepresentation and fraud. The petitioner did not consent to it. Thereafter the C.I.D. constables are visiting his house in season and out of season and are interfering with his personal affairs with which they have no concern at all and are causing him a lot of annoyance.

For the reasons stated above the petitioner humbly prays that the Police may be directed to stop causing annoyance to him by prying to his personal affairs and making needless and unwarranted enquiries about matters in which they have no concern.

Petitioner.

Bangalore,)
26/9/1938.)

"True Copy"

To

The Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District, Bangalore.

B.J. Ramakrishna Raju, Palegar of Bagalur,
Residing at No. 220, Jali Masjid Road, Jally, Mohalla, Bangalore city. PETITIONER.

The petitioner abovenamed begs to state as follows:-

That he is a member of the Palegar community and is a permanent resident of Bangalore.

That in pursuance of a notice sent to him by Mr. I.M. Narasimha Naik, retired Amildar and Pallegar of Manjarabad to attend a Communal Panchayathi on 3rd and 4th ultimo respectively to consider the petition submitted by Mr. Krishnappa Naik in respect of Penkajamma who was his wife, the petitioner attended the said meeting and voted for the divorce of the said Pankajamma on account of her misconduct, according to the custom prevailing in their community, and signed the unanimous resolution arrived at by the Panchayatdars.

The said Pankajamma is now living with Mr. V.V. Naik, Superintendent of Police, Railway and C.I.D. and Mr. Naik has been abusing his official position and is threatening the several members of their community who participated in the Panchayathi, including the petitioner with criminal prosecution.

About a week or ten days ago when the petitioner was casually passing in front of the said Mr. V.V. Naik's house, Mr. Naik who was standing near his gate, asked the petitioner to get down from his bicycle and asked him why he was shirking away like a thief. When the petitioner remonstrated to it, Mr. Naik told the petitioner authoritatively that he must give him a written statement, that the petitioner was not a willing partisan of the proceedings that took place in the said panchayathi

To

The District Magistrate and Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District,

B a n g a l o r e.

M. Muniraju Naidu, motor mechanic, and Taxi Owner, residing in Sivankoil Street, Ramnad district. .. PETITIONER.

The Petitioner abovenamed begs to state as follows:-

That he is member of the palegar family and is a permanent resident of Devakotte, Ramand District. He came to Bangalore on or about the end of July 1938 and was put up with his father-in-law, one Mr. Nadamuny Naidu.

At a communal meeting convened by Mr. I.M. Narasimha Naik, Palegar of Manjarabad, to consider the petition of Mr. M.Krishnappa Naik, Palegar of Manjarabad in respect of Mrs. Pankajamma, who was his wife, the petitioner attended the meetings held on 3rd and 4th ultimo respectively.

After discussing the several aspects of the petitions brought before the panchayatdars, they came to the unanimous resolution that the said Pankajamma was not fit to be associated by any member of the community on account of her improper conduct. The said resolution was signed by the assembled panchayatdars including the petitioner.

Thereafter the said Pankajamma adopted various coersive measures through her friends and relations who are occupying high and influential positions in the State Service. The petitioner learns that petitions have been submitted to this office regarding the coersive measures she has taken against them to falsify the resolution unanimously signed by the panchayatdars.

The said Pankajamma is now living with Mr. V.V. Naik,

Superintendent of Police, Railways and C.I.D.and the latter is abusing his official positian and is thretening the several members of the community who participated in the panchayat including the petitioner with criminal prosecutions.

On 6th September 1938, she caused a post card to be written by one Govindaraj, Chief Guard, Mysore Railways, to the petitioner's nephew Chinniah to Devakotta in Tamil making certain threatening allegations against him. The petitioner has herewith filed an English translation of the said post card. The latter portion of the post card runs as follows:- "We have launched a case against your uncle, meaning the petitioner, for having signed to a transaction that took place in Bangalore, I will arrest him, take a warrant against him in a short time and have him imprisoned for six years and fine Rs.1,000/-."

The above allegations have caused much alarm in the minds of the petitioner and he apprehends that the said Pankajamma and her partisans will not hesitate to foist a case against him to coerce him to give a statement to the effect that his signature was taken to the said resolution by misrepresentation and fraud.

The threat cantained in the post card has caused much injury both to his reputation and his person. He apprehends that by the powerful influence of Mr. V.V. Naik and his men, he may be brought to trouble in the manner that is contained in the threatening language of the said post card.

For the reasons stated above, the petitioner humbly prays that proper safeguards may be made to prevent Pankajamma or her influential partisans from putting their threats to action.

Petitioner.

Bangalore,
30/9/1938.

"True Copy"

Bangalore city,

27/28th November 1938.

From

M. Krishnappa Naik,
Pallegar of Manjarabad,
No.23, Girls' School Road,
Visweswarapuram,
Bangalore city.

To

K. Subba Rao, Esqr., B.A., B.L.,

Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District,

Bangalore.

S i r,

On Friday last the 25th instant when you were pleased to accord me an interview and listen to me patiently for more than a couple of hourse inspite of your onerous duties, I represented to you how I, a Political Pensioner and the recipient of a sannad from the Government of Mysore and my second wife and children have been harassed and ill-treated and practically the victim of a Machaevellian conspiracy engineered by a relation of mine, viz., Mr. V.V. Naik, District Superintendent of Police Railways and C.I.D., Mysore who has taken undue advantage of his official position and been misusing the same and has committed acts and has made others commit acts, which are highly improper, illegal and deserving of immediate scrutiny at your hands.

You were pleased to direct me to put in a written representation with regard to my allegations and accordingly I do so as hereunder:-

1. In my personal interview I represented briefly the circumstances under which I had to convenue a panchayat under the presidency of one Mr. Narasimha Naik, for the purpose of annulling as per caste rules and custom by martial relationship with my first wife Srimathi Pankajamma, whose marriages with me had been brought about fraudulently more than 30 years ago, and since when on account of her bad conduct, I have been living

living separately. As a sort of charity, I was paying the said Pankajamma Rs.20/- per mensem, but as owing to the instigation of others including prominently Mr. V.V. Naik, her conduct became intolerable and she took a definitely hostile and inimical attitude towards me, my second wife and children, it became incumbent to have her divorced according to custom and this took effect from 4-6-1938.

2. The said Pankajamma is now living with the said Mr. V.V. Naik. My relationship with the said Mr. V.V. Naik took an acutely hostile turn ever since the birth of a boy, to my second wife about 3½ years ago. Till then I had only four daughters by my second wife. Having an Eye on my Political Pension and properties, the aforesaid Mr. V.V. Naik was inducing me to take in adoption one of his own sons, which I always declined. The birth of a son to me shattered his hopes. He sent for my first wife who was far away in Madras, colluded with her and began casting libelous aspersions against the validity of my second marriage and the legitimacy of my children and in diverse ways, threatened, intimidated me and my family besides levelling grossly false accusations against me to his collegues in the Police Department, to the State Huzur Treasury Office, Bangalore and others.

Further, he threatened the cast panchatyat members in connection with the proceedings against my first wife, with Criminal Prosecution. What is more reprehensible is that Mr. I.M. Narasimha Naik, Retired Amildar, who presided over the Panchayat was fraudulently induced to part with the original papers relating to the Proceedings at the instance of Mr. V.V. Naik who made Mr. Wyne, Local City Superintendent of Police write to Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar, C.S.P. Mysore, to receive the said papers, on the ground that the Government and the Deputy

Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore are enquiring with reference to certain grave charges against me. In reply to Mr. Narasimha Naik's request for the return of the said Original Proceedings as undertaken by Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar, the accompanying endorsement has been received.

3. I hold a Revolver License throughout the State, granted by the Government of Mysore, as I belong to the Palegar family of Manjarabad. Government have been pleased to allow my Daffedars to wear my own badges. Inspite of this Mr. V.V. Naik has ~~fkx~~ falsely complained that I have got a revolver without license, and started against me, a police enquiry to harm my reputation. I represented my grievances to the Dewan of Mysore in person and with a petition. The Dewan heard me very sympathetically and was grieved to hear my distress, on account of Mr. V.V. Naik's mischief. Unfortunately the petitinn which the Dewan forwarded for enquiry, is along with other papers are lying uncared ~~a~~ for in the office of the I.G.P. where Mr. V.V. Naik is all in all.

4. In the meanwhile on 9-11-1938 an outrage was committed in my house in respect of which I have preferred a complaint before the Second City Magistrate, Bangalore in C.C. No. 2459 of 38-39 on his file as per complaint petition herewith enclosed which speaks for itself. The Police have not moved an inch, in the matter to do me justice, but on the other hand Mr. V.V. Naik is boasting that he will see that no justice is done to me. What is most regrettable in this episode is that Mr. V.V. Naik (~~is boasting that he will see that no justice is done to me. What is most~~) was able to pursuade the First City Magistrate to come along with the "C" Division Inspector on 10-11-1938, and forcibly, by which I mean against my will, take away my revolver which I had refused to hand over on the previous day to

This is a great and deliberate insult to one who is a covenanted political pensioner and to whom honour has been shown by the Government of Mysore. I am not a goonda and my revolver license is still current and is in force. The action of the City Magistrate and the Police in the matter are hardly legal and proper and does scant courtesy and justice to one who deserved better treatment at the hands of the Officials. When I mentioned this fact to my Counsel Sjt. L.S. Raju, M.A., (Hons) B.L., Advocate, I was advised to place the matter before you, who, he said, would surely give redress in the matter. I would also respectfully invite your attention to the petitions addressed to your Office on or about the last week of September 1938 (26th and 30th September 1938) by Messrs. (a) Nadamuni Naidu, retired Head Sorter, R.M.S. No. 25, Fort, Lal-baugh, Road, Bangalore city, (b) B.G. Ramakrishna Raju, Palegar of Bangalore, Jalli Mohalla, Bangalore city and (c) M. Muniraju Naidu, Motor Machine and Taxi Owner, Sivan Koil Street, Ramnad District.

5. I may also mention in this connection that I have got documentary evidence which I shall show you in person, proving forgery and malpractices on the part of Mr. V.V. Naik and his satelities.

In view of the foregoing circumstances considerable harm has been done to my physical and mental health, myself along with my second wife and children have been disgraced on account of Police Zulum and I have incurred pecuniary loss nearly to the extent of Rs.5,000/- to Rs.6,000/-. You can well realise, Sir, what a great dishonour it is to wrest a revolver from an honour Palegar. You are aware that one of the highest punishments to a soldier is to take away his sword, but in the case of a soldier that will only be done after a court martial. But pardon me if I say that it is unthinkable that

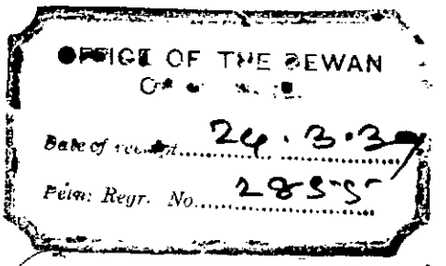
that a D.S.P. (he may be the most favourite of his Chief) should be able to carry weight with the magistracy to such an extent as to make the Magistrate come in person to my house and take away my revolver without reference to any law or procedure and with the least consideration to my honour and which I claim from the Government of Mysore which they have not thought fit to deprive me of. I do not believe that Mr. V.V. Naik is mightier than the Government, and the sooner he comes to realise this the better. May I hope for speedy redress at your hands.

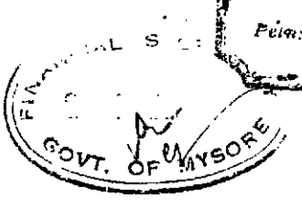
I remain, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Encl: Two.

"True Copy"

****





Ls. 6

The Financial Secretary
with compliments
BO.

To

Amin-ul-Mulk
Sir Mirza M. Ismail, K.C.I.E., O.B.E.,
C.St.J.,
Dewan of Mysore,
Bangalore.

S i r,

I feel highly grateful for the kind interview you have been pleased to accord to me so that I may personally make my representations in certain matters with regard to which I have already submitted several petitions to, among others, (a) The Financial Secretary to the Government of Mysore, (b) The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and (c) The State Huzur Treasury Officer. I had also submitted a petition to the Government when Rajamantrapravina S.P. Rajagopalachari, B.A., B.L., was the Dewan in charge for the time being. I beg to enclose herewith copies of my petitions to (a) The Financial Secretary to the Government of Mysore and (b) The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District. I further beg to enclose herewith copy of a petition submitted by my kinsmen to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

2. At the outset I crave leave to submit that

that a most mischievous and malicious campaign of vilification and harassment is being carried on against me for the past seven or eight months by Mr. V.V. Naik, Superintendent of Police, Railways and C.I.D., Bangalore City. He happens and claims to be a distant relation of mine, and he has been using his official position in furtherance of his nefarious schemes to which I would briefly and respectfully advert as hereunder.

3. I am a respectable person being the Pallegar of Manjarabad, and enjoying a political pension at the hands of your benign Government to the extent of Rs.127-1-10 per mensem. I have been and claim to be a loyal and law-abiding subject of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, and expect nothing but the fairest and most impartial treatment at the hands of your good self and your subordinate officers.

4. It was my misfortune to have married one Mrs. Pankajamma when I was only 18 years of age. My parents were not alive then, and the marriage itself was the result of a deep fraud practised on me by certain persons who were interested more in Mrs. Pankajamma than myself. The said marriage took place in 1901, but there was very little of any real conjugal felicity or rights between me and Mrs. Pankajamma at any time. Till 1909 she was visiting my

house

house now and then, but never stayed with me at any time permanently or even for long periods. On account of her grossly immoral conduct and obstinacy to mend her ways, I abandoned her entirely in 1909, and she thereafter stayed with her own father. In 1922 when on account of the death of her father, her relations entreated me to take pity on her and make some generous grant out of my pension so that she can maintain herself, I agreed to do this on condition that she should give up her adulterous life and live separately and quietly without making or creating public scandal. On this condition I was paying a monthly grant of Rs.20/- per mensem out of generosity and mine own free will from 1924 onwards until August 1938, when, for reasons I mention hereinafter, I had to discontinue even that, as from that time onwards she was and is no longer my wife.

5. In 1922 I also married a second wife by name Mrs. Adilakshamma, and had several children from her, namely, four daughters and one boy, the boy being the latest issue having been born in March 1935. Until a natural son was born to me there was not much of agitation, but as soon as my second wife gave birth to a son it apparently evoked the greed and jealousy of Mr. V.V. Naik who was asking me prior to the birth of a son to me to take one of his own sons

in

in adoption and which I continued to decline. The birth of a son having frustrated his hopes, he began to harass me and vilify me by inventing stories to the effect that I and my second wife were not legally married, and by setting up and instigating my ex-wife, Mrs. Pankajammal. At first, neither Mrs. Pankajammal nor her brother, who alleges himself to be the Zamindar of Bagalur (one Mr. Marinanjappa Nayanavar) would yield to the instigation of Mr. V.V. Naik; but somehow he seems to have latterly got them in his grips and has been instrumental in their sending up a number of petitions to the State Huzur Treasury Officer and to the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore, containing grossly false, libellous and wicked allegations against me. With regard to such of those petitions which have come to my notice in proper form, I have filed counter petitions setting forth the falsity of the allegations and, in a few instances, have proved to the hilt how Mr. V.V. Naik is responsible for this malicious and libellous campaign and the false character of the allegations.

6. In addition, I have demonstrated to the State Huzur Treasury Officer that certain alleged petitions purporting to have emanated from certain relations of mine are all forged documents and I have absolutely

no

no doubt that Mr. V.V. Naik is behind these fabricated documents.

7. I can well understand a person like Mr. V.V. Naik carrying on this kind of campaign against me to subserve his own ends and wreak his vengeance for my not taking his son in adoption, but what I was surprised most and with regard to which I should be failing in my duty if I did not place the matter before your good self, is that, at his instance and as a result of an alleged petition by my ex-wife, Mrs. Pankajammal, there was delay in paying my usual pension and it was through the kind and prompt intervention of the present Financial Secretary to the Government of Mysore that this wrong was immediately set right. I am constrained to mention this fact only with a view to demonstrate how Mr. V.V.Naik is capable of misrepresenting matters before certain officers and attempting to influence them against me.

8. At present, on account of Mr. V.V.Naik's agitation my ex-wife, Mrs. Pankajammal, has forwarded petitions claiming an allowance out of my pension. As I submitted at the beginning of this petition, I was paying as a charity Rs.20/- per mensem. Although Mrs. Pankajammal did not deserve it, I took pity and was doing so. If she had continued to be quiet, I would not have taken any

further

further action against her, but on account of Mr. V.V. Naik's instigation, she openly joined him in his campaign of vilification and publicly did and said things against me which no wife, whether a Hindu or otherwise, would ever have thought of. For all this, she thought she had a claim on me in getting an allowance of Rs.20/- per mensem. My patience was exhausted and it became intolerable and therefore, after consu lting my best well-wishers and kinsmen, I decided that in accordance with the practice, custom and usage and the Hindu Law governing our community, Mrs. Pankajammal should be divorced. For this purpose, a Panchayat was convened and she was notified. She not only did not attend the Panchayat, but made a most reckless abominable allegations against me. The Panchayat decided that she should be divorced and accordingly gave a decree for divorce. This was in August 1938. I am advised, and if necessary I can submit authorities through my counsel, for the position that the divorce in accordance with practice and custom governing our community, is perfectly valid.

9. Mrs. Pankajammal has no claim whatsoever as she is not my wife, and I cannot recognise her as a wife after the decision of the Panchayat in August 1938.

10. Even otherwise, I crave leave to submit that Mrs. Pankajammal has no locus standi to prefer any claim now as such a claim cannot

arise

arise during my lifetime at all. In support of this contention, I would respectfully invite your kind attention to the proceedings of the Government of Mysore in No.Fl. 5588/S & A 256-37-2 dated 29th March 1938, according to which the Government of Mysore decided, and if I may respectfully say so, rightly decided, that the claim of one Ammachamma was held not to arise during the lifetime of her husband, Mr. Koneti Naik.

11. I am reluctant to take your valuable time by any prolonged discussion of my case, but suffice it to say that I am entitled to seek assistance and sympathy at your hands and for redress for the wrongs perpetrated against me. I pray that the petitions of Mrs. Pankajammal be summarily dismissed and she referred to a civil suit if she likes to establish her claims, if any.

12. My further prayer is that a warning should be administered to Mr. V.V. Naik for the gross abuse of his official position which I can prove and that he should submit an explanation in the matter. I beg to conclude this petition by bringing to your kind notice one prominent instance of his abuse of his position, namely, that he has indirectly influenced the District Magistrate, Mysore, to cancel my revolver licence which I held from the Government for three years, and as a Pallegar I valued it most. There was absolutely no reason to cancel my

licence and my petition to the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore District would show that the City Magistrate, Bangalore, came to my house and took my revolver, which procedure the Deputy Commissioner (Mr. K. Subba Rao) himself characterised when I represented the matter to him, as highly illegal and unwarranted.

I pray for justice and fairplay.

I beg to remain,
S i r,
Your most obedient servant,
M. Krishnappa Naik.

M. Krishnappa Naik,
23 Visveswarapuram,
Bangalore City,
24th March 1939.

From

M.Krishnappa Naik,

Pallegar of Manjarabad,

No.23, Visveswarapuram,

Bangalore City

To

The Financial Secretary to

the Government of His Highness the

Maharaja of Mysore, Bangalore.

Sir,

In connection with the petition of my ex-wife Pankajamma, pending before you and also my counter petitions and objections thereto, I beg to enclose herewith (a) copy of my petition to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District and (b) copies of the petitions filed by my kinsmen in the matter, with a view to further elucidiate the points under consideration before Government,

2. I beg to further add as follows, by way of further information and clarification of the issues involved. Although myself and my ex-wife were married in 1901, there was not much of cordiality or the exercise of conjugal rights at any time. Till 1909 she was coming to my house off and on and from 1909 on account of her proved bad and immoral conduct and her refusal to mend her ways and live as a Hindu wife ought to do, there was a complete separation between myself and her and I had nothing to do with her on any account whatsoever. I married a second wife and have been living with her and have children by her, including a son born in March 1935.

3. In the year 1922 my ex-wife lost her father and on that account and on account of her entreaties as

~~well as the~~ as the entries of some of my kinsmen, I made up my mind out of purely charitable and generous motives to give her Rs.20/- per mensem so that she may maintain herself, but that was absolutely on the condition that she mended her ways and ceased to have recourse to adultery.

4. She was receiving the amount I was paying her and was living separately, and although she did not completely mend herself, there was not much of public outrage on her part until recently, that is, till 1935 when my second wife gave birth to a son. From that time onwards she became the victim of the machinations of Shri V.V.Naik, D.S.P. Railway and C.I. D with the result that not only she practically became a public prostitute as such, but openly carried on a most mischievous and malicious campaign against me and inconsistent with the duties and obligations of a Hindu Wife. Naturally, my patience was exhausted and I had recourse to the customary law of divorce gobering our community in accordance with the Hindu law, custom and usuage and after due notice of a panchayat meeting convened for the purpose the panchayatdars in accordance with such usuage, law and custom duly sanctioned the divorce with effect from August 1938 . Since then she cannot and is not regarded by me as a wife at all entitled to any claim whatsoever.

5. I am advised to respectfully submit to the Government of Mysore that even a wife who has not been divorced, whether legitimate or illegitimate, loses her right to any kind of maintenance on account of her immoral conduct or adultery. When such is the case, in addition to Pankajamma's proved bad conduct and adultery and her inimical behaviour towards me, she has lost the legal status of a wife in view of the Panchayat's decision and my respectful submission is that she has absolutely no status and locus standi to get any maintenance whatsoever and payment of such maintenance

will be derogatory to the decision of the panchayat and affect my rights.

(6) I further submit that I will submit through my Counsel at a hearing authorities in support of the position when such divorce are in accordance with established usage, custom and practice of Hindu law(I wish to respectfully add in this connection that the late Sir K. Seshadri Iyer, Dewan of Mysore, had to deal in connection with a si ilar matter where such a principle of law was recognised).

Under the aforesaid circumstances I pray that her petition should be summarily dismissed and the Government be pleased to hold that in view of her conduct she is not entitled to any consideration whatsoever.

Bangalore
20th March 1939

Yours obedient servant

True copy."

Bangalore City,
27/28 November 1938

From

M.Krishnappa Naik,
Pallegar of Manjarabad,
No.23, Girls School Road,
Visveswarapuram, Bangalore City.

To

K. Subba Rao, Esq., B.A.,B.L.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District,
Bangalore.

Sir,

On Friday last the 25th instant when you were pleased to accord me an interview and listen to me patiently for more than a couple of hours inspite of your onerous duties, I represented to you how I, a political pensioner and the receipient of a sannad from the Government of Mysore, and my second wife and children have been harassed and ill-treated and practically the victim of a Machaevellian conspiracy engineered by a relation of mine viz Mr. V.V.Naik, District Superintendent of Police, Railways and C.I.D.Mysore who has taken undue advantage of his official position and been misusing the same and has committed acts and has made others commit acts, which are highly improper, illegal and deserving of immediate scrutiny at your hands.

You were pleased to direct me to put in a written representation with regard to my allegations and accordingly I do so as hereunder:--

(1) In my personal interview I represented briefly the circumstances under which I had to convene a panchayat under the Presidency of one Mr. Narasimha Naik, for the purpose of annulling as per caste rules and custom by mertial

relationship with my first wife Srimathi Pankajamma, whose marriage with me had been brought about fraudulently more than 30 years ago, and since when on account of her bad conduct, I have been living separately. As a sort of charity, I was paying the said Pankajamma Rs.20// per month, but as owing to the instigation of others including prominently Mr. V.V.Naik, her conduct became intolerable and she took a definitely hostile and inimical attitude towards me, my second wife and children, it became incumbent to have her divorced according to custom and this took effect from 4th August 1938.

(2) The said Pankajamma is now living with the said Mr V.V.Naik. My relationship with the said Mr. V.V.Naik took an acutely hostile turn ever since the birth of a boy, to my second wife about three and a half years ago. Till then I had only four daughters by my second wife. Having an Eye on my political pension and properties, the aforesaid Mr. V.V.Naik was inducing me to take in adoption one of his own sons, which I walways declined. The birth of a son to me shattered his hopes. He sent for my first wife who was far away in Madras, colluded with her and began casting libelous aspersions against the validity of my second marriage and the legitimacy of my children and in diverse ways, threatened, intimidated me and my family besides levelling grossly false accusations against me to his collegues in the police department, to the State Huzur Treasury office, Bangalore and others.

Further, he threatened the cast panchayat members in connection with the proceedings against my first wife, with criminal prosecution. What is more reprehensible is that Mr. I.M.Narasimha Naik, Retired Amildar, who presided over the panchayat was fraudulently induced to part with

original papers relating to the proceedings at the instance of Mr. V.V.Naik who made Mr. Wynne, Local City Superintendent of Police write to Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar, C.S.P.Mysore to receive the said papers, on the ground that the Government and the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore are enquiring with reference to certain grave charges against me. In reply to Mr.Narasimhh Naik's request for the return of the said Original proceedings as undertaken by Mr. Rangaswamy Iyengar, the accompanying endorsement has been received.

(3) I hold a Revolver License throughout the State, granted by the Government of Mysore, as I belong to the Palegar family of Manjarabad. Government have been pleased to allow my Daffedars to wear my own badges. Inspite of this Mr. V.V.Naik has falsely complained that I have got a revolver without license, and started against me, a police enquiry to harm my reputation. I represented my grievances to the Dewan of Mysore in person and with a petition. The Dewan heard me very sympathetically and was grieved to hear my distress, on account of Mr. V.V.Naik's mischief. Unfortunately the petition which the Dewan forwarded for enquiry, is along with other papers, are lying uncared for in the office of the I.G.P. where Mr. V.V.Naik is all in all.

(4) In the meanwhile on 9th November 1938 an outrage was committed in my house in respect of which I have preferred a complaint before the Second City Magistrate, Bangalore in C. C. No. 2459 of 38-39 on his file as per complaint petition herewith enclosed which speaks for itself. The police have not moved an inch, in the matter to do me justice, but on the other hand Mr. V.V.Naik is boasting that he will see that no justice is done to me. What is most regrettable in this episode is that Mr. V.V.Naik was able to pursuade the First City Magistrate to come along

with the (C) Division Inspector on 10/11/1938 and forcibly, by which I mean against my will, take away my revolver which I had refused to hand over on the previous day to the Inspector. This is a great and deliberate insult to one who is a covenanted political pensioner and to whom honour has been shown by the Government of Mysore. I am not a goonda and my revolver license is still current and is in force. The action of the City Magistrate and the police in the matter are hardly legal and proper and does scant courtesy and justice to one who deserved better treatment at the hands of the Officials. When I mentioned this fact to my Counsel Sjt L.S.Raju M.A.,(Hons) B.L. Advocate, I was advised to place the matter before you, who, he said would surely give redress in the matter. I would also respectfully invite your attention to the petitions addressed to your office on or about the last week of September 1938(26th and 30th September 1938) by Messrs. (a) Nadamuni Naidu, Retired Head Sorter, R.M.S. No.25, Fort, Lalbagh Road, Bangalore City (b) B.G.Ramakrishna Raju, Palegar of Bangalore, Jali Mohalla, Bangalore City and (c) M.Muniraju Naidu, Motor Mechanic and Taxi Owner, Sivan Koil Street, Ramnad District.

(5) I may also mention in this connection that I have got documentary evidence which I shall show you in person, proving forgery and malpractices on the part of Mr. V.V.Naik and his satelities.

In view of the foregoing circumstances considerable harm has been done to my physical and mental health, myself along with my second wife and

children have been disgraced on account of Police Zulum and I have incurred pecuniary loss nearly to the extent of Rs.5000/- to Rs.6000/-. You can well realise, Sir, what a great dishonour it is to wrest a revolver from an honour Palegar. You are aware that one of the highest punishments to a soldier is to take away his sword, but in the case of a soldier that will only be done after a court martial. But parden me if I say that it is unthinkable that a D.S.P.(he may be the most favourite of his chief) should be able to carry weight with the magistracy to such an extent as to make the Magistrate come in person to my house and take away my revolver without reference to any law or procedure and with the least consideration to my honour and which I claim from the Government of Mysore which they have not thought fit to deprive me of. I do not believe that Mr. V.V.Naik is mightier than the Government, and the sooner he comes to realise this the better. May I hope for speedy redress at your hands.

I remain, Sir,

Your most obedient Servant.

Encl:-Two.

(True copy).

From

M. Krishnappa Naik,
residing at No,23, Visveswarapuram,
Bangalore City

To

K.Subba Rao, Esq.,B.A.,
Deputy Commissioner
Bangalore.

Sir,

Further to and in connection with my petition submitted to you on 28/11/1938 bringing to your notice among other matters how I have been the victim of the mischief and machination of Mr, V.V.Naik D.S.P., C.I.D and Railways I beg to state as follows:--

(1) In my aforesaid petition I brought to your kind notice the circumstances under which my revolver was taken away by the First City Magistrate, on 10/11/1938, in a very surprising and not obviously legal manner.

(2) After I submitted my above petition of 28/11/1938 to you, one police officer has been visiting me for the last two or three days asking me to give him the revolver license in my possession which contains the endorsement of the first City Magistrate.

(3) In view of my petition pending before you and the personal representations I made to you explaining the mischievous campaign against me I am not prepared to take any risk without your specific order.

(4) I therefore beg to enclose herewith my revolver license in original which may be kindly treated as a document filed for reference to and in connection with my aforesaid petition of 28/11/1938.

I request the favour of an acknowledgment for the handing over of the license.

Yours obediently

Bangalore City.

3rd December 38

(true copy)

To

The Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District,

Bangalore.

Nadamuni Naidu, retired Head Sorter, R.M.S. residing at No.25, Fort Lalbagh Road, Bangalore City } Petitioner.

--

The petitioner abovenamed begs to state as follows:--

That he is a member of the Palegar community and is a permanent resident of Bangalore.

That in pursuance of a notice sent to him by Mr. I.M. Narasimha Naik, Retired Amildar and Palegar of Manjarabad to attend a communal panchayat on 3rd and 4th ultimo respectively to consider the petition submitted by Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik Palegar of Manjarabad, in response of Mr. S.Pankajamma who was his wife, the petitioner attended the meeting and coted for the divorce of the said Pankajamma, on account of her misconduct, according to the custom prevailing in their community, and signed the unanimous resolution arrived at by the panchayatdars.

The said Pankajamma is now living with Mr. V.V.Naik, Superintendent of Police, Railway and C.I.D and V.V.Naik has been abusing his official position and is threatening the several members of their community who participated in the Panchayathi, including the petitioner, with criminal prosecutions.

On or about 15th September 1938 Mr. V.V.Naik sent one B.Channarayappa, a permanent member of his household to persuade the petitioner to sign a document purporting to disown all knowledge of the proceedings of the said

said Panchayathi and to make a statement that his signature was taken by force and fraud to a resolution which was written up in Canarese, a language which did not understand.

As the petitioner refused to do any such thing the C.I.D police constables are visiting his premises at allodd hours just to cause him annoyance and disgust to coerce him to make a statement as they want.

For the reasons stated above the petitioner humbly prays that the policemen may be directed to stop causing annoyance to him by interfering with his personal affairs and make needless enquiries about matters which do not in the least concern them.

Bangalore City,
26th September 38 } Petitioner.

(True Copy).

To

The Deputy Commissioner,

Bangalore District, Bangalore.

B.J.Ramakrishna Raju, Palegar of Bagalur, residing at No.20, Jali Masjid Road, Jally Mohalla, Bangalore City } Petitioner.

The petitioner abovenamed begs to state as follows:--

That he is a member of the Palegar community and is a permanent resident of Bangalore.

That in pursuance of a notice sent to him by Mr. I.M. Narasimha Naik, retired Amildar and Pallegar of Manjarabad to attend a communal panchayati on 3rd and 4th ultimo respectively to consider the petition submitted by Mr. Krishnappa Naik in respect of Pankajamma who was his wife, the petitioner attended the said meeting and voted for the divorce of the said Pankajamma on account of her misconduct, according to the custom prevailing in their community, and signed the unanimous resolution arrived at by the panchayatdars.

The said Pankajamma is now living with Mr. V.V. Naik, Superintendent of Police, Railway and C.I.D and Mr.Naik has been abusing his official position and is threatening the several members of their community who participated in the Panchayati, including the petitioner with criminal prosecution.

About a week or ten days ago when the petitioner was casually passing in front of the said Mr. V.V.Naik's house Mr. Naik who was standing near his

gate asked the petitioner to get down from his bicycle and asked him why he was shirking away like a thief. When the petitione-r remonstrated to it, Mr. Naik told the petitioner authoritatively that he must give him a written statement, that the petitioner was not a willing partisn of the proceedings that took place in the said panchayathi and that his signature was taken to it my misrepresentation and fraud. The petitioner did not consent to it. Therefore the C.I.D constables are visiting his house in season and out of season and are interfering with his personal affairs with which they have no concern at all and are causing him a lot of annoyance.

For the reasons stated above the petitioner humbly prays that the police may be directed to stop causing annoyance to him by praying to his personal affairs and making needless and unwarranted enquiries about matters in which they have no concern.

Bangalore City,
26th September 38

Petitioner.

(true copy).

To

The District Magistrate and Deputy
Commissioner, Bangalore District,
Bangalore.

M. Muniraju Naidu, Motor Mechanic and Taxi Owner, residing in Sivankoil Street, Ramnad District. } Petitioner.

The petitioner abovenamed begs to state as follows:--

That he is member of the Palegar family and is a permanent resident of Devokotte, Ramanad District. He came to Bangalore on or about the end of July 1938 and was put up with his father-in-law one Mr. Madamuny Naidu.

At a communal meeting convened by Mr. I.M.Narasimha Naik, Palegar of Manjarabad, to consider the petition of Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik, palegar of Manjarabad in respect of Mrs. Pankajamma, who was his wife, the petitioner attended the meeting held on 3rd and 4th Ultimo respectivel

After discussing the several aspects of the petitions brought before the panchayatdars, they came to the unanimous resolution that the said Pankajamma was not fit to be associated by any member of the community on account of her improper conduct. The said resolution was signed by the assembled panchayatdars including the petitioner.

Therefore the said Pankajamma adpoted various coersive measures through her friends and relations who are occupying high and influential positions in the State Service. The petitioner learns that petitions have been submitted to this office regarding the coersive

measures she has taken against them to falsify the resolution unanimously signed by the panchayatdars.

The said Pankajamma is now living with Mr. V.V. Naik, Superintendent of Police Railways and C.I.D and the latter is abusing his official position and is threatening the several members of the community who participated in the panchayat including the petitioner with criminal prosecutions.

On 6th September 1938, she caused a post card to be written by one Govindaraj, Chief Guard, Mysore Railways to the petitioner's nephew Chinniah to Devokotta in Tamil making certain threatening allegations against him. The petitioner has herewith filed an English translation of the said post card. The latter portion of the post card runs as follows:-- "We have lauhched a case against your uncle, meaning the petitioner, for having signed to a transaction that took place in Bangalore, I will arrest him. take a warrant against him in a short time and have him imprisoned for six years and fine Rs.1000/-.

The abobe allegations have caused much alarm in the minds of the petitioner and he apprehends that the said Pankajamma and her partisans will not hesitate to foist a case against him to coerce him to give a statement to the effect that his signature was taken to the said resolution by misrepresentation and fraud.

The threat contained in the post card has caused much injury both to his reputation and his person. He apprehends that by the powerful influence of Mr. V.V.Naik and his men, he may be brought to

trouble in the manner that is contained in the threatening language of the said post card.

For the reasons tated above, the petitioner humbly prays that the proper safeguards may be made to prevent Panjajamma or her influential partisons from putting their threats in action.

30/9/1938

Petitioner.

(True Copy).

2784

Pet. No. 2275

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,

Dated 7-2-1939

REV. SECTION 9 FEB. 1939 FINANCIAL BRANCH

The accompanying petition addressed to the Dewan is forwarded, with compliments, to the Secretary to Government, Financial Department, for favour of disposal.

FINANCIAL SECRETARY GOVT. OF MYSORE

By Order,

K R Rama Rao

for Private Secretary to the Dewan.

Similar petition to the Finance Secretary has been ordered to be forwarded to the Settlement Officer for enquiry & report. This will be placed in the file.

9/2/39

S&A. 292-38-8.

GEN. & REV. SECRETARIAT 3373 23 MAR. 1939 FINANCIAL BRANCH

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

No. 5488/S.H.T. *Bangalore, Dated* 16th March *1939.*

FINANCIAL SECRETARY 21 MAR 19 GOVT

From

M. VIRARAJA URS, Esqr., B.A., B.L.,
Comptroller to the Government of
His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

A.N. Raghavachar, Esq., M.A.,
Financial Secretary to Government,
Bangalore.

S&A 292-38-6

3249
H.

Sir,

With reference to memo No.Fl.8221/S&A dated the 11th February 1939, forwarding for enquiry, investigation and report, a petition from one Mr. Venkatadri Nayaka in the matter of the geneological tree submitted to State Huzur Treasury, Officer by Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad family, I have the honour to state that as the petitioner has not given his address, notices were issued by the Treasury Officer, to the following two pallegars of Manjarabad family who bear the name of Venkatadrinayak and draw pension at the State Huzur Treasury, to appear before him on 8-3-39 for enquiry. Accordingly Mr. Venkatadri Nayak who resides at Mysore appeared and gave a statement before the State Huzur Treasury Officer that he has not put in any petition to the Dewan re: the geneological tree and that the signature on the petition which was shown to him was not his.

The other Pallegar of the same name did not appear. His son one Mr. Krishnappa Naik who was present stated that his father was not in the station and that he did not know when he would return to his head quarters.

Mr. M. Krishnappa Naick, the pallegar pensioner also appeared that day as per notice issued but no enquiry was held, in the absence of the other Mr. Venkatadri Nayak who resides at Kaithmaranahalli. A further notice has been issued to him by the Treasury Officer to appear before him on 25-3-39 for enquiry.

The report of the Treasury Officer will be forwarded after the enquiry is completed.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Comptroller (in charge)

S.S.

Mr. Venkatadri Naik,
Pallegar of Manjarabad,
Kaithmarnahalli, Bangalore Taluk.

" Venkatadri Naik,
Pallegar of Manjarabad,
Anesarat Street, Mysore.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER TO THE GOVERNMENT
OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

No. 6465/SHT. *Bangalore, Dated* 26th April *1939.*

From R. V. Subbaiah, Esqr., B.A.
~~M. VIRARAJA URS, Esqr., B.A., B.L.,~~
Comptroller to the Government of
~~His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,~~
Bangalore.
Officiating Chief State Huzur Treasury

To

The Comptroller to the Government of Mysore,

Bangalore.

Sir,

Adverting to memo No.Fi.2221 S&A dated the 11th February 39 from the Financial Secretary forwarding for enquiry and report a petition dated 6-2-39 to the Dewan of Mysore signed as Venkatadri Nayaka re: the Vamshavriksha or Geological tree submitted to this Treasury by Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad Family, I have the honour to state as under:-

2. The petitioner has not given his address, the list of pallegar pensioners who draw the pension at the State Huzur Treasury was looked into and it was seen therefrom that there are two pensioners by name Venkatadri Nayak one of whom resides at Mysore and the other at Kaithmanahalli a village nearby and both of them are members of the Manjarabad Pallegar family. A notice was issued to each of these two on 28-2-39 drawing attention to the petition dated 6-2-39 addressed to the Dewan of Mysore and requesting his presence at this Treasury on 8-3-39 for enquiry.

3. On that day Mr.Venkatadri Naik who resides at Mysore appeared and said that he had not put in any petition to the Dewan Saheb and the signature ~~which was shown to him~~ affixed to the petition thereto is not his. A son by name Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik of the other pallegar also appeared and gave a statement that his father was not in the village. On a further notice issued the other pallegar of this name presented himself before the undersigned on 25-3-39 and on being informed about the contents of the petition and on seeing

the signature affixed thereto ~~he~~ said that he was not the petitioner and that the signature was not his.

In the absence of particulars as to who the petitioner is, it was not found possible to hold any enquiry in the matter.

The statements given by both the pensioners referred to are enclosed for kind perusal. The petition received is also submitted herewith.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

27.4.39

Officer In-charge,
State Huzur Treasury.

Before the Hon'ble In Charge State Nazim

Treasury - Bangalore -

నా పేరు [illegible]. నా తండ్రి గారు [illegible]. నా తండ్రి గారు [illegible] నాకు ఇద్దరు అన్నలు. నాకు [illegible] నాకు [illegible] నాకు [illegible]

Before the Officer D/c State Archives,
Bangalore.

Name - Mr Venkatadri Naik
Poligar of Manjarabad Family.
Residing at Kyathanayanahally -

[illegible]

Dated 25-3-39

Received by me

R. Sreenivasa
SHTO
25.3.39

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE.
Date of receipt 7-2-39
Postn: Regr. No. 2275

S&A 292-38-6

To

The Dewan of Mysore,

B a n g a l o r e.

Sir,

I respectfully beg to bring to your kind notice that a member of the Manjarabad pallegar family called M.Krishnappa Naik who gets a political pension of Rs 127-10-0 per mensem, has very recently submitted a genealogical tree in connection with a harlot named Adilakshamma and her children calling her to be a wedded wife, to the State Huzur Treasury Officer, to serve to the illegitimates as a claim for the political pension after his demise.

2. Such an infame, illegal and false act of his is not only detrimental to the interest of the legitimate heirs of the Manjarabad pallegar family but also bring on infamy to the family of Manjarabad.

3. He has no issue by the wedded wife, Pankajamma whose question of maintenance is at issue pending disposal by the Government.

4. The benevolent Government have been granting pensions to the pallegar families to maintain their dignity and to protect the legitimate members of the families.

5. Whereas the benevolence extended by the Government is abused either by the husband or by the wife by being adulterous and thus pave the way for the adultrines to set up spurious claims and consequently cause hill-work to the beni-

Government in finding out the real claimant to assign the pension to the legitimate heir.

6. I beg respectfully pray, therefore, that an order may kindly be passed with a warning to the said Krishnappa Naik that such illegal misrepresentations to the honourable Government would be viewed with severity and that he should withdraw his genealogical tree given to the State Huzur Treasury Officer.

7. I further beg to pray that in the interest of the well-being of the ancient families a general order may kindly be passed, namely, that the pallegars should realise that the have to set up such an example to their children that the latter should not contract bad habits which will ultimately ruin the name of the family and that in the event of this warning proving useless the Government will be constrained to adopt drastic measures.

8; For this act of generosity I shall feel ever grateful.

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Yours most obedient and humble servant.

Bangalore.

6 - 2 - 1939.

Venkatadri Naik ಪಿಂಡಿಪಾಳ್ಯ ನಾಯಕ.

Memo 1374 Pen 24/2/39

Forwarded to the Camp Assistant Police Officer - in - charge State Huzur Treasury Bangalore in continuation of this office memo no 1292/Pen dated 11-2-39 for favour of investigation & report at an very early date. [This reference to be returned]

J. Venkatagiriyappa
Asst. Comptroller 24/2

STATE HUZUR TREASURY BANGALORE 4960 25 FEB 1939

S&A. 292-38-9

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

Read:-

Petition received on 19th August 1938 from Mrs. Pankajammanni, wife of Mr.Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad family, residing at Rayapetta, Madras stating that her husband Krishnappa Naik who had been paying a sum of Rs. 20/- per mensem for her maintenance for several years had stopped payment of the same from 1st August 1938, and praying that a moiety of the Pallegar pension that is being drawn by her husband may be ordered to be paid to her direct from the Treasury.

2. Correspondence ending with letter No. Spl. 705 dated 11th March 1939 from the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore on the subject.

ORDER No. M. 6340-15-S&A. 292-38-9

Dated, Bangalore, the 31st March 39.

It is reported by the Comptroller that Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik is in receipt of a family pension of Rs. 127-1-10 per mensem. The petitioner, Sri Pankajamma, was married to Mr. Krishnappa Naik in 1901 and lived with him for about 8 or 9 years, but owing to differences with her husband, she is stated to have been living separate from him since 1910, in accordance with a family understanding, Mr.K.Naik was paying her an allowance of Rs. 20/- per mensem for her maintenance for several years past, but has discontinued the payment of the amount from 1st August 1938,

~~to her,~~ She has therefore come up to Government for relief and prays that a moiety of the pension that is being drawn by her husband may be ordered to be paid to her direct from the Treasury.

Mr. Krishnappa Naik, on the other hand contends that he stopped ~~the~~ her allowance in view of ~~the~~ her bad conduct, ~~of his wife~~ and that she is not therefore entitled to any maintenance. that he has divorced her at a community panchayat held on 4th Aug 38,

2) From the enquiry held by the State Huzur Treasury Officer and the report of the Comptroller, it is found that there is no justification for discontinuance to the lady, in her present advanced age, of the maintenance allowance, which Mr. K. Naik was himself paying for several years until recently.

The Comptroller recommends that out of the pension now drawn by Mr. K. Naik, assum of Rs. 50/- per mensem may be paid to the wife direct for her maintenance.

3) After a consideration of all the circumstances of the case, Government are pleased to direct that out of the pension of Rs. 127-1-10 hitherto drawn by Mr. M.K. Naik, a sum of Rs. 20/- be paid to Sri Pankajamma, during her lifetime, direct by the State Huzur Treasury Officer and only the balance ~~paid~~ to Mr.M.K.Naik.

The amount ordered to be paid to the lady need not however be separately registered in her name.

27.2.39

Financial Secretary to Govt.

To

The Comptroller & the
State Huzur Treasury Officer.
Copy to the Petitioner Mrs. Pankajamma.
Mr. M. Krishnappa Naik.

0342-3
S&A

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

Read:- Petition received on 19th August 1938 from Mrs. Pankajammanni, wife of Mr. Krishnappa Naik, Pallegar of Manjarabad family, residing at Rayapetta, Madras, stating that her husband Krishnappa Naik who had been paying a sum of Rs.20/- per mensem for her maintenance for several years had stopped payment of the same from 1st August 1938, and praying that a moiety of the Pallegar pension that is being drawn by her husband may be ordered to be paid to her direct from the Treasury.

2. Correspondence ending with letter No.Spl.705 dated 11th March 1939 from the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore on the subject.

Order No. [illegible]

Dated, Bangalore, 28th March 1939.

It is reported by the Comptroller that Mr.M.Krishnappa Naik is in receipt of a family pension of Rs.127-1-10 per mensem. The petitioner, Sri Pankajammanni was married to Mr. Krishnappa Naik in 1901 and lived with him for about 8 or 9 years, but owing to differences with her husband, she is stated to have been living separate from him since 1910. In accordance with a family understanding, Mr. Krishnappa Naik was paying her an allowance of Rs.2 per mensem for her maintenance for several years past, but has discontinued payment of the amount from 1st August 1938. She has therefore come up to Government for relief and prays that a moiety of the pension that is being drawn by her husband may be ordered to be paid to her direct from the Treasury. Mr. Krishnappa Naik

on the other hand contends that he stopped her allowance in view of her bad conduct that he has divorced her at a community panchayet held on 4th August 1938, and that she is not therefore entitled to any maintenance.

2. From the enquiry held by the State Huzur Treasury Officer and the report of the Comptroller, it is found that there is no justification for discontinuance to the lady, in her present advanced age, of the maintenance allowance, which Mr. Krishnappa Naik was himself paying for several years until recently. The Comptroller recommends that out of the pension now drawn by Mr. Krishnappa Naik a sum of Rs.50/- per mensem may be paid to the wife direct for her maintenance.

3. After consideration of all the circumstances of the case, Government are pleased to direct that out of the pension of Rs.127-1-10 hitherto drawn by Mr. H. Krishnappa Naik, a sum of Rs.20/- be paid to Sri Pankajammanni, during her lifetime, direct by the State Huzur Treasury Officer and only the balance to Mr. H. Krishnappa Naik.

4. The amount ordered to be paid to the lady need not however be separately registered in her name.

For Financial Secretary to Government.

The Comptroller to Government.
The State Huzur Treasury Officer.